Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1859 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1.50 Per Year

VOL. XXIX | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1898. | NO. 41

"THE AMERICAN BOY"

The New Battleship to be Built by School Boys of Our Country.

THE FUNDS ARE NOW BEING RAISED

John C. Schmohl, of Newberry, Has Been Appointed Collector for Lycoming and Adjoining Counties.

TO TAKE THE PLACE OF THE MAINE

John C. Schmohl, of Newberry, has recently received his appointment as district secretary and treasurer of what is designated as the American Boy fund, the purpose of the fund being to build a battleship to be called the American Boy. The district of Mr. Schmohl includes Lycoming and a number of adjoining counties, and he will have supervision and direction of all collections made in his district.

The idea, which belongs to W. Rankin Good, a 17-years-old school boy, has been explained in print before but for the benefit of those residing in this district a short explanation will be made.

As was said before the idea which was originated on Feb. 19, '98, by W. Rankin Good, a Hughes High school boy, and which the Cincinnati Enquirer published the next day, is to raise a fund by voluntary contributions from the boys and girls of the United States to build a mighty battleship to be named "The American Boy," to replace the ill-fated Maine and represent the patriotism of the youth of our nation, and all persons who favor such a movement are asked to contribute.

By building such a vessel the boys and girls of the United States would show the world that not only are the men of our country patriotic, but that patriotism "is born in the flesh and bred in the bone" of every American youth. No monument, nor bust, nor storied urn will tell with half the force that this vessel will—the stories of the sailors dead: "Remember the Maine." Phoenix-like from out the wave of indignation which followed the destruction of the great warrior in Havana harbor shall arise "The American Boy."

The entire furnishings of "The American Boy" are to display the invaluable assistance and good judgment of the girls of our country.

Hundreds of schools throughout the United States have responded generously, and it is sincerely hoped by the end of June next that record shall have been made of all schools which have as yet failed to contribute.

Dewey Does Not Want the Nero.

WASHINGTON, October 22.—A telegram was received by the secretary of the navy Friday from Admiral Dewey at Manila, saying that the collier Nero arrived at Taku on the 16th with her coal on fire and suggesting, as he had no further use for that vessel, she be sent home. Admiral Dewey said nothing with regard to the political situation in the Philippines or the capture of any more ships belonging either to the Spaniards or the insurgents, or at least if he did the officials of the department will not admit it.

Arnold and Beef Hides.

The democratic papers are denouncing Congressman Arnold for voting to take hides off the free list and placing them on the dutible list which caused the democratic farmer and others to receive from three to four cents a pound more for their beef hides than they did when the democrats had them on the free list. The democratic farmers should show their appreciation of Mr. Arnold's act by voting for him and help return him to congress where he so well guarded their best interests.

Ancient History.

Editor Kurtz, of the Centre Democrat, accuses some of the Republican contemporaries of delving in "ancient history" when they quote items like the following from the columns of the Democrat of '84.

"J. K. P. Hall, the creature of the land grabbers, monopolist and machine ringsters, is carrying on one of the most outrageous and diabolical campaigns that ever disgraced the political annals of Pennsylvania. In his little county of Elk, which is almost owned by Hyde, Hall & Co., he is threatening his employes with discharge, if they dare to vote against him, executions and foreclosures of mortgages are the weapons that this "champion of the laboring man," is using to elect himself to congress. Evictions, destitutions, refusal of work, and the vengeance of the Hall and Hyde families are what stares the honest laborer of Elk county in the face, and democratic organizations are asking, aye demanding Democratic voters to cast their vote for Hall. Democratic papers are trying to whip into line for this little corruptionist and oppressor of labor, the honest yoemanry of the counties, never! never! The dignity, independence and freedom of American labor are dear to the voters of our State, and subsidized party organs defiling the flag of Democracy that floats at their heads cannot swerve the people from their duty to themselves and the great man who has fought for homes for the homeless of this great nation for the past four years. We know what fine Roman hand is at work in this matter. It is the same that has always stricken down independence and manhood that has sought to purchase a seat in the next congress from the 20th district that stabs in the back every man who dares to advocate any measures in the interest of the people and against monopoly. One by one great men who champion the rights of the people are stricken down by the monopolists, land thieves and political charlatans who denominate themselves 'leaders.' It is time we were awakening to our danger."

Extending Lines.

The Centre Hall Reporter states that the new Central telephone company, which is moving towards Lock Haven, from both Jersey Shore and Bellefonte, is also extending its lines to Linden Hall, and a few days ago a canvass was made of the town endeavoring to sell sufficient stock of the company to extend the lines to Centre Hall. From Centre Hall a trunk line will be run to connect with the Home Telephone company of Lewisburg, at Woodward. The two companies would give their patrons the advantage of all territory free of toll rates.

Several subscriptions were taken for stock in the town, but whether sufficient to justify the extension of the line has not been learned. The company wants to cover entire Penns and Brush valleys, and if the extension is not made during the coming year, it is sure to be in course of a year or two. The fight promises to be a lively one between the Bell people and their rival and the patrons of both may find a lower monthly rate.

The democrats in this county appears to be up a stump, or in other words, they don't know where they are at. The sincere members of that party object to being led into opposition to the American-Spanish war and its results. Their candidate Geo. W. Jenks in his speeches says this government should give back to Spain all the islands conquered by our arms The patriotic democrats are opposed to that and are in favor of retaining every foot of territory on which the American flag has been planted and refuse to be further led by unpatriotic democrat bosses.

BASELESS CHARGES

Wanamaker Asked to Make a Public Retraction

WILL SUBMIT FACTS TO COMMITTEE

Asks that they be Denied in as Public a Manner as they Were Made—Bank Never Held any Such Stock—Can Appeal to the Law.

CONTRADICT IT IF YOU CAN

Philadelphia, Oct. 25.—Richard F Loper, late manager of the defunct Guarantors Finance company, has addressed the following letter to John Wanamaker:

"My attention has been called to an address delivered by you at Mifflintown on October 22 in which you publicly attacked me.

"I have not the honor of a personal acquaintance with you and I am not a politician, having never held a political office and not seeking one, but simply, like yourself, a citizen of this city. You made the allegation that upon 1,000 shares of the stock of the Pittsburg Pure Beer Brewing company a loan was made or a purchase was made to the extent of $100,000—first that the Guarantors Finance company, of which I was the general manager, made this loan to or purchased from William H. Andrews; second, that, appreciating that this stock was of doubtful value, I either individually or as general manager of the finance company transferred the same to the Peoples bank, and that under such transfer I or somebody obtained from said bank a like sum of $100,000 of the State's money. I now desire to give you an opportunity to maintain the allegations above referred to, or at least to contradict me in the statements I make as follows:

"Neither the Guarantors company nor myself ever purchased, loaned or held as owner any shares of stock of the brewing company; neither the Guarantors nor myself, as its general manager, ever deposited with the Peoples bank, either as collateral for a loan or sold to said bank, or its representatives, such stock, and the Peoples bank does not hold today any such stock in the capacity above referred to, and not one dollar of the State's funds was ever used in such transactions.

"Feeling the injustice of your accusations, and appreciating that the law may give me a remedy of the kind that is provided by law, I feel that no result would be so adequate a compensation as to have all these charges disavowed, and believing that I have only to prove to you that the statements made by you at Mifflintown are untrue in order to secure a retraction in as public a manner as they were uttered I submit to you the following proposition.

"I will submit the facts to a committee of investigation composed of any five editors of Philadelphia papers or any five bank presidents, and agree to abide by the decision of the majority whether my denial or your allegation be true."

Support the President.

Shall the president, in concluding the negotiations with Spain, be upheld and strengthened by a vote of confidence from the people? The election of a republican house of representatives is necessary to show most clearly to Spain that the president has the backing of the people in enforcing his conditions of peace.

Thus the question before the voter is: Shall he enforce the demands of our peace commissioners by helping to elect a republican congress, or shall he encourage the Spaniards to hold out for better terms by voting for a democrat?

A Great Game in Store.

The prettiest and most exciting game of football that the lovers of this sport in Bellefonte and vicinity will be permitted to see for many days to come will take place on the glass works meadow this coming Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clock. The contesting teams will be the evenly matched elevens of the Williamsport High school and the Bellefonte Academy.

It will be remembered that last year after the lumber city boys had defeated the Easton High school thereby winning the championship of the state, and after the Academy had defeated two teams from the College, the Philipsburg eleven and the Lock Haven Normal school eleven, a game was arranged between the Williamsport and Bellefonte Academy to decide their relative merits. The game however, was cancelled at the last moment by the Williamsport boys and the question of superiority left unsettled much to the disappointment of the Academy boys and their many friends. Saturday two weeks ago the Academy tied the Williamsport boys in a very interesting but rough game. This Saturday the tie will be played off. The game will be particularly interesting because the visitors will play the Cornell style of game, being coached by a Cornell man, while the main offensive plays of our Academy team are a combination of Princeton's and University of Penns best plays. It certainly will be worth witnessing and a good crowd with plenty of money should encourage our boys to victory. The Academy eleven will be arranged in the strongest form for defensive work that it has had this year. They will play the game of their lives to win. They have lost no game as yet.

The team will probably line up as follows:

Right end	Palmer
Right tackle	Seliers
Right guard	Cassidy
Centre	Garbrick
Left guard	Van Tassell
Left tackle	Decker
Left end	Twitmire
Quarter	J. R. Hughes
Right half	Henderson
Left half	Cummings
Full	Potter

—A search after a lost nickel resulted in the horrible death of Bessie Garman, a 14-year-old girl, at Mont Alto Junction, Franklin county, on last Saturday evening. Miss Garman was playing with a baby niece, and during the play the infant dropped a five-cent piece, which rolled under a table. Miss Garman began a hunt under the table, overturning it, and dragging down a parlor lamp upon her head. In a moment the young woman was a mass of flames and so badly burned that she died the following morning.

In 1897 the total amount of state tax collected from money at interest, stages, omnibuses etc., at 4 mills amounted to $2,702,003,64. Three-fourths of this amount was returned to the respective counties of the state. Persons owning real estate and having no money at interest pay no state tax. One-half of the liquor license goes to state, one-fourth to the road. The money paid by the state to counties for saleries of judges and superintendent of schools outside of Philadelphia is more than the entire state county taxes levied in the counties.

The prediction is made, by the best informed republican politicians of this county, that the average republican majority in Centre county this fall will be 500. Of course the democrats for party reasons will not admit the fact. When Cal Bower ran for Judge against Judge Love, they claimed 1400 majority in the county for Bower, when the votes were counted Love had about one hundred majority in the county over Bower. Democratic calculations are always of the rain bow hue and not reliable.

MINISTRY RESIGNS!

France is Now Facing a Great Dilemma.

ARMY QUESTIONS BROUGHT UP

Many Arrests Made but Even Then the Crowds Thickened and Had to be Moved by Sabres and Guns.

THE CAMPAIGN OF GROSS INSULT

Paris, Oct. 26.—The Chamber of Deputies yesterday afternoon defeated a vote of confidence in the government and last evening the Brisson Ministry resigned. The Cabinet was definitely formed on June 28, of the present year, and was constituted as follows:

President of the Council and Minister of the Interior—Henri Brisson.

Minister of Finance—Paul Peytral.

Minister of Education—Leon Bourgeois.

Minister of Justice—Ferdinand Sarrien.

Minister of War—[illegible]oy Cavaignac, who has since been succeeded by General Zurlinden and General Chanoine.

Minister of Marine—Edouard Simon Lockroy.

Minister of Foreign Affairs—Theophile Delcasse.

Minister of the Colonies—Georges Trouillot.

Minister of Commerce—Emile Marquejouls.

Minister of Agriculture—Albert Viger, who has since resigned.

Minister of Public Work—Senator Tillaye, who was succeeded by Senator Godin on September 17.

It is the general impression among Deputies that President Faure will invite Alexandre Ribot to form a Cabinet.

This evening detachments of municipal guards, cuirassiers and police are massed at the various approaches to the palace of the Elysee for fear of disturbances. M. Brisson went to the Elysee at 7 o'clock.

President Faure has signed the appointment of M. Lockroy, Minister of Marine, in the retiring Cabinet, as Minister of War ad intermin.

When accepting the resignation of the Ministry M. Faure begged M. Brisson and his colleagues to continue to act until the formation of the new cabinet.

The resignation of the Cabinet is the result of the disagreement among the Ministers as to the reopening of the Dreyfus case, and the determination of the government to place the civil above the military power.

There was an uproar in the Chamber before the final vote was taken and violent popular outbreaks after adjournment. The street demonstration was principally maintained by the anti-Semites, led M. Durmont in the vicinity of the offices of the Libre Parole and other anti-Dreyfus papers. At many points the boulevards soon became almost impassable and there were numerous collisions between the demonstrators and the police who had been fasting since morning. Only with the utmost difficulty was a semblance of order preserved, and in many cases it was necessary for the cuirassiers to clear the street. Nearly two hundred arrests were made.

The cuirassiers had the greatest difficulty in clearing away around the Madeline and the Rue Royale. There were many encounters between the people and the police. About ten thousand people sang the "Marseillaise" around a bonfire made of the Dreyfusite paper Les Droits de L'Homme (The Rights of Man.) All the stores in the neighborhood were closed in anticipation of rioting. The cuirassiers, assisted by the mounted Republican guards, succeeded in driving back another crowd which was shouting "Spit upon Brisson."

J. K. P. Hall on Election Day.

James Knox Polk Hall
Can't win this fall,
The people won't vote his way;
His goose is cooked,
And he is booked
To be shelved on
—Election Day.

In eighty-four
He first was sore,
For Curtin got in his way;
This made him mad,
He swore he had—
"Votes to sell" on
—Election Day.

Curtin took care—
Played fare and square—
Paid his expenses, they say,
Yet Hall did pout
And sold Elk out
For boodle on
—Election Day.

Snow and Rain.

MADISON, Wis., October 26.—A blizzard is raging here. It began with rain Monday night. The storm will do considerable damage to corn still in the field.

GALESBURG, Ill., October 26.—A blizzard has raged here since yesterday noon. A heavy snow is falling, traffic and business has been stopped. It breaks all records for this seasou of the year. Wires are down in every direction.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., October 26.—A fierce snow storm is raging in the southwest. At some points snow covers the ground from two to four inches. The storm began at midnight Monday night and accompanied by a strong wind has prevailed since with increasing vigor. Telegraph communication has been interrupted and other minor damage done.

At Chillicothe, Mo., the wind is blowing a perfect gale, and at Sedalia the heaviest snow storm in the history of Central Missouri for the month of October is reported. It is growing colder.

CHICAGO, October 26.—The worst gale of the year set in this afternoon and at midnight was still raging. Immense damage was done throughout the city to telephone, electric light wires and in some instances street car lines had to suspend operations after 9 o'clock in the evening. Many trees were blown down in all sections of the city. There was no loss of life and the only accident on the lake so far reported is the wrecking of the lumber laden bark Isabella Mears.

LA CROSS, Wis., October 26.—Snow storms, accompanied by a cold wind blowing at the rate of forty miles an hour, has been raging in Western Wisconsin all day. The temperature had gone down to twenty and is steadily dropping. Telegraphic service is seriusly interfered with. Four inches of snow has fallen and it is still snowing.

The democratic town papers are appealing to republicans to vote for Cal. Bower for Superior Judge and assert that party politics should not enter into the election of a judge. What a change of sentiment if true, within the last three years when the democratic party nominated Bower for judge against John G. Love and was beaten out of his boots by Love. No their change of sentiment is not true and is only asserted at this time to get republican votes for Bower who, nor one of his family ever voted for a republican. Vote the whole republican ticket.

The Nebraska young man who deserted his bride at the moment of the ceremony because he had discovered that she had been indulging in a cigarette will probably have the sympathy of many a man who is not quite ready for oriental customs among the women. At the same time, it might be interesting to inquire into the habits of the bridegroom. If he is a smoker, has he any real grounds for complaint against the young lady?

WEAR
Royal
Worcester
Corsets.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

DIED FROM EXPOSURE.

George Krape, of Spring Mills, Wanders Away from Home.

A sad case of death from exhaustion and exposure comes to our notice from the little town of Spring Mills, Centre county.

It appears that George Krape an old and highly respected citizen of that place, has been in ill health for the past year and of late has been slightly out of his mind. His family took the best of care of him watching him constantly, but on Tuesday in some manner he eluded their vigilance and escaped wandering away to the mountains. A heavy rain was falling at the time.

As soon as he was missed his family notified the neighbors and a searching party was organized. Every nook and corner in the woods and mountains for miles around was scoured. All night long the search was kept up in the rain and sleet, and at daybreak the party returned completely exhausted and without finding the missing man

Wednesday morning a new party was organized and the search begun again. About 8 o'clock that morning they came upon the body of the unfortunate man lying face downward at the entrance to Brush Valley several miles from his home. At first they thought he might be alive but an examination showed him to be dead.

His death was undoubtedly due to exhaustion and exposure brought on by his wandering through the mountains in the rain. He was 71 years old and leaves a wife and several children.

GRIPPE

Grippe and influenza invariably leave the system with a bad cough. For such Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup is highly recommended. This wonderful remedy gives relief at once, conquers the worst cough overnight and soon effects a thorough cure.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Grippe and Influenza.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Found Dead.

D. R. Malone, a citizen of Beech Creek Thursday, saw Hon. J. W. Merrey's team running off and tried to stop them. His wife called him back, knowing that he had been troubled with neuralgia of the heart. He then stopped running and went to the garden to cut some corn. When his wife returned from milking some time afterward she missed her husband and called him, but received no response. She then hunted for him and found him lying on his face in the garden. Dr. Tibbens was called and found the man dead. Deceased was an old soldier, having been a member of the 45th Pennsylvania volunteers. He was a member of Milesburg post, 261, G. A. R. He was 62 years old, and leaves a widow and several children. The funeral took place Sunday.—Lock Haven Democrat.

—Walter Crosthwait has given up his position as electrician in Brooklyn, N. Y., and has gone to Cammal, Pa., where he has secured a similar one.

—Hon. George Jenks, the democratic candidate for Governor will address a mass meeting here on the 29th of October.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

—L. B. McEntire, of Fillmore, has purchased the property of old Mrs. Deschner, on Willowbank street, this place, and intends building a small store room on it.

FROM MANILA!

General Otis Sends Two Reports to Washington.

THE FIRST ONE IS VERY ASSURING

The United States Cruiser Boston and the Collier Nero Arrive Opposite Amoy and the Nero's Cargo Is on Fire.

MANY OMINOUS STORIES TOLD

WASHINGTON, October 21.—The war department yesterday posted the following bulletin:

Under date of yesterday General Otis cabled the war department, the situation in Luzon somewhat improved. Influence of Philippines of education and property not desiring independent government but hostile to Spain gaining ascendancy in revolutionary councils. Promising nothing, but enforcing the law. Complications seriously affect interisland commerce and diminish revenue. Affairs progressing favorably, though sick report increasing, owing mostly to carelessness of enlisted men. Health of officers good. Condition of city and facilities for quartering troops improving. Fever decreasing. Internal troubles about the same. Many slight ailments. Smallpox apparently arrested. During the month twenty-eight deaths—eight smallpox, eight typhoid fever, five malaria, and intestinal complaints; three accidental.

General Otis could considerable more than the above, but the department does not deem it advisable to make the other portions of the dispatch public, because of its bearing upon the peace negotiations. It contains suggestions by General Otis regarding the disposition of the Philippines and also information about the insurgents.

LATER—Additional advices from Major General Otis, commanding the American forces at Manila, were received at the war department to-night. Adjutant General Corbin declined to make public the nature of their contents, but he did say they made no reference to the battle said to have occurred between the ships of Admiral Dewey's squadron and those of the insurgents.

MANILA, October 21.—The United States cruiser Boston and the collier Nero, which on October 5 were ordered to proceed Hong Kong in connection with the recent disturbances at and near Pekin, have arrived at Amoy, on the island of that name, in the province of Fo-Kien, opposite Formosa—the former short of coal and the latter with her cargo afire.

Well authenticated reports have reached here of a terrible state of treachery in the southern Philippines.

The Spaniards there are cooped up in the principal towns. The Americans continue capturing the rebel vessels as they arrive at Cavite. Two have been captured this week.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

—The democrats have had printed John Wanamaker's speeches and are circulating them as democratic campaign literature. That fact should be sufficient to convince any republican that Wanamaker no longer belongs to the republican party. Thousands of these speeches have been sent to the democratic head quarters at this place and from there are being distributed through the country.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Only the tortures of the mediæval rack are comparable to the agonies which many women suffer through the peculiar weaknesses and diseases of their delicate, feminine structure.

Nothing less than unbearable torment would induce sensitive-minded women to submit to the intolerable methods of the average doctor in dealing with diseases of this nature.

That there is "a better way" than these detestable "examinations" and "local applications" is a truth which some women have yet to learn, although thousands are already rejoicing in the knowledge. They have found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the one unfailing remedy which heals feminine weaknesses at their very source. This marvelous "Prescription" restores absolute health to the internal organism; stops weakening drains and ulcerated conditions, gives elastic strength to the supporting ligaments, vitality to the nerve centers, and complete womanly vigor to the entire constitution.

It is the perfect fortifier and regulator of women at every critical period in their development; from the time when they merge into womanhood until the "change of life." It is the one medicine which makes motherhood safe and almost free from pain.

A lady living at 7 Park Avenue, Chicago, Ills., Mrs. Emily Howe, writes: "I, myself, suffered a long time from female weakness and seemed to be going into a decline. Took several bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and it saved me from a great deal of suffering. I now enjoy perfect health and will ever praise the wonderful efficacy of your medicine."

The best popular medical book in the world is Dr. R. V. Pierce's 1000 page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser. It will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, *to pay the cost of mailing only*. Address the Doctor at Buffalo, N. Y., or send 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

A Model for Democratic State Convention.

As democratic state conventions in various parts of the country are adopting resolutions denouncing the administration's management of the war, or are about to adopt such resolutions, we beg leave to offer as a model form of denunciation which may readily be imitated, but cannot easily be surpassed.

Seven or eight months before the end of the last war in which the government of the United States was engaged prior to the war with Spain the democrats of Maine held their state convention at Bangor. Their opinion of President Lincoln's administration, of its conduct of the war for the union, and of its general efficiency in the management of the nation's affairs, was set forth with uncommon vigor in the subjoined declaration:

"Resolved, That the administration, by its corruption and imbecility has shown itself incapable of a successful prosecution of the war, and from its levity, tergiversations, and its bad faith, is manifestly incapable of negotiating, an honorable peace."

We recall to the memory of the denouncing democrats of the present generation this masterpiece of their forefathers. Let them study the nice selection of adjectivs, the concentrated bitterness of invective the spirited condensation, the masterly balance of phrases, which distinguished this truely fine plank. Can they hope to improve upon these qualities? Can the denouncers of 1898 frame anything more artistic, in less than forty English words?

It is true that events were already hastening to smash the masterpiece of the Maine denouncers, and to render its authors ridiculous and contempitable in the sight of the world. But that made no difference then, and it need make no difference now. The Maine plank of 1864 was made for election day only.

A Valuable Relic.

John Landers, of Renova, has an interesting relic of the Revolutionary war in the shape of an officer's sword. It is one of the very finest of the style then in vogue and the date 1776 is plainly stamped upon the hilt. The News says Mr. Landers secures the valuable relic several years ago at Charlton, this county. He has since been offered but refused one thousand dollars for it.

THE Centre Democrat offers to open its columns to republicans to explain away a fake duly gotten out by the editor. We make a proposition to Mr. Kurtz, if he wants to fill his sheet, viz: If he will publish every line that is sent him on the subject we will furnish him with the copy free of charge. Charlie, you go hunting until the election and we will keep the copy hook full.

What do the Children Drink.

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs nearly 1-4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

DECLARED FOR SANTIAGO

Subject to Modification by the Commanding General

NOW THE CUBANS WILL BE FREE

A Sort of Provisional Declaration of Independence—Defining the rights of the People The Rights of all to be Respected.

A REPUBLICAN FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 22.—General Leonard Wood, Military Governor pro tempore of the department of Santiago, issued a proclamation on Friday in ten sections which is a sort of provisional declaration of independence.

The first article guarantees to the people the right of assembly for the common good and to apply to those in power by petition or remonstrance for the redress of grievances.

The second section guarantees the right to worship God according to individual conscience provided there is no interference with any existing form of worship.

The third section directs that courts of justice shall be open to all and that no private property shall be taken by the government without compensation.

The fourth section, dealing with criminal trials, invests the accused with the right to be heard himself of by counsel, and to have compulsory process to secure the attendance of a witness in his behalf.

The fifth section directs that courts of crime shall be compelled to give evidence against himself.

The sixth section declares that no such person, who is once acquitted of the charge brought against him, shall be tried again for the same offense.

The seventh section provides that all persons charged with crime shall be entitled to bail, except in cases of capital offence, and that the writ of habeas corpus may not be suspended, except the commanding General of the department deems it advisable.

The eighth section says that excessive bail shall not be required, and that no excessive fine or cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted.

The ninth section provides that, in order to secure the people against unreasonable search there shall first be established under oath a presumption of guilt.

The tenth section guarantees to all the right to write or print freely on any matter, subject to responsibility for abuse of the right.

The municipal laws are to be administered in accordance with these declarations of rights, subject to modifications which, in the judgment of the commanding General, would be beneficent and promote the principals of enlightened civilization.

How much business can a man do whose system is in a state of disorder? Headache is only a symptom. It is not a disease. The pain in the head is the sign of rebellion. There have been mistakes in diet and other abuses.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a gentle, effective renovator and invigorator of stomach, liver and bowels. They assist nature without threatening to tear the body piece meal. There are no griping pains, no nausea. One is a laxative.

Send 21 cents in one cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page Common Sense Medical Adviser, illustrated.

Whenever a political scoundrel tries to get a political position for the purpose of enriching himself and fails he at once shouts "reform" and either starts a reform party of his own or joins one started by his brother scoundrel. It has been demonstrated over and over again for many years past that it is the reformer that needs to be reformed and not the other fellows who are satisfied to attend to their own business. Just now the democrat party bosses are in the reform business simply because the people would not tolerate their robbing the government. It is a new and awkward roll they are playing.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest. Dept. M. Chicago. 928-18t

Sympathetic Husbands.

The sympathetic tenderness of a loving husband is everything to an expectant mother, especially during her first ordeal. George Layton, Esq., a prominent druggist of Dayton, O., gives the following case:

A customer of mine, whose wife has used four bottles of "Mother's Friend" before confinement, says, after seeing the effects of the remedy, that if she had to go through the ordeal again, and there were but four bottles on the market, and the cost was $100 per bottle, she would have them.

"Mother's Friend" is a scientifically compounded liniment which affords certain relief in the various ailments preceding childbirth, and assures proper elasticity to the cords and muscles involved in the final ordeal.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists, or expressed on receipt of one dollar.

Valuable book, "Before Baby is Born," mailed free on application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

As to Money and Public Life.

"The fact that Mr. Bayard did not leave a large estate speaks well for his integrity as a statesman," says the Norwich Bulletin. Must we therefore infer that statesman who do leave large estates have amassed their property by discreditable methods? It is frequently intimated that public men who die poor are more to be commended than those whose property is considerable, but is not this view hasty and unfair? Not every man who has had a long public career and amassed a fortune during that time is dishonest, nor is it necessary to think that he probably is. It would not be difficult to enumerate a long list of well-known persons in official station who are well-to-do and yet have never incurred the suspicion of dishonesty. On the other hand; there is something to be said against a man in public or in private life who dies poor. It is sometimes more discreditable to leave no fortune than to leave a big one. Thriftlessness is a vice, though not as great a one as some others that might be mentioned. But all this discussion is beside the mark in the case of Mr. Bayard. While he was "comparatively" poor, he was not absolutely so. His estate foots up $75,000; and that is by no means to be sneered at.—Providence Journal.

Eyes and Nose Ran Water.

C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says: "I have had catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. I would not be without it." It relieves in ten minutes.—37

Sold by J N & S Krumrine.

The Crowning Woe.

"You don't seem to thoroughly realize how low you have got," said the Court.

The prisoner, a faded, battered specimen of manhood, upon whose haggard face, deeply lined with the marks of dissipation, there still lingered the reminders of better days long past started as if struck.

"You do me an injustice, your Honor," he said, bitterly. "I can bear the disgrace of arrest for drunkenness, the mortification of being thrust into a noisome dungeon, and the humiliation of a trial in a crowded and dingy courtroom, but to be sentenced by a Police Magistrate who splits his infinitives—that is indeed a crushing blow."

And as they led him away he placed a trembling hand to his forehead and shivered like one in an ague.—Chicago Tribune.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Home Spun Philosophy.

Other people's mistakes cause us a lot of unnecessary trouble.

Youth lives in tomorrow; manhood in today; old age in yesterday.

Art may be long, but the time is too short for some people to become artists.

Squirrels Have Fun With the Sheep.

A Bar Harbor gentleman tells this story of how squirrels on White Islands often spend their time in feeding a flock of sheep from a certain orchard there. He says that he and his companion, who were duck shooting there last fall, had stopped to rest in an old field, in which there was an orchard. A flock of sheep was feeding near by. It was not long before their attention was called to the chirruping of some squirrels in a thicket, and they were surprised to see the sheep suddenly stop feeding and manifest great excitement. The squirrels went into the orchard, and, climbing into one of the trees, resumed their loud chatter, evidently calling for the sheep, since the flocks made at once for the apple trees. Then the squirrels began to bite off the apples, which fell among the hungry sheep, who would struggle for the fruit like so many school boys. The squirrels seemed to enjoy the fun, and after they had dropped a few apples from the first tree they skipped to a distant tree for which the sheep would make in great confusion. After the squirrels had thus enjoyed an hour's fun with their fleecy neighbors, and supplied them with a sufficient quantity of the fruit, they scampered back to their haunts in the thick leaving the sheep to resume their grazing.—Kennebee Journal.

Itching Piles.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment is proof against the torment of itching piles. Thousands of testimonials of cures effected by its use. No case too aggravating or too long standing for it to soothe, comfort and cure. It cures in from 3 to 6 nights. 35 cents—38

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

A Fine Attraction.

The Port Jervis Gazette of Oct., 15th says: "The Andrews Opera company, which deservedly has the reputation of being one of the best companies of the kind traveling in this country at present, made its bow to the music loving people of this city last evening in the fine old romantic opera, "Martha." Yes and the "music loving people" were present in goodly numbers, and they were unanimous in their approval and delighted appreciation of the efforts of the soloists and choruses. They were present even though at 8 o'clock the rain was decending in thick great sheets, but they braved the weather because they knew that they were going to have a treat, and all were glad that they were present.

The opera of "Marth" is as "old as the hills," but it has never lost its beauty, and, in fact, we like it all the better because our parents hummed its sweet old airs to us when we were children. This company of vocalists interperted parts with excellent aptness and spirit, and the fine old airs were sung in a manner that thrilled and charmed the audience, and there were many able critics.

Each and all of the principal parts were well taken and the choruses were magnificent. It is an excellent company throughout and our city is very fortunate in securing it for 3 operas."

He Noticed the Likeness.

A Parisian swell once had a crayon picture of himself made, which he afterward pretended to find fault with.

"It does not bear the slightest resemblance to me," said he, and I will not take it."

The artist protested, but all to no avail.

After the dandy had left the painter added to the portrait a magnificent pair of asses ears, and exhibited it in the window, thus altered, to the gaze of the curious public.

It hadn't been long exposed when the dandy entered the artist's studio in a towering rage, and, finding that threats amounted to nothing, he at last offered to buy it, even at a considerable advance upon the original price.

"It wasn't strange you didn't recognize your resemblance to the picture at first," said the painter; "but I knew you'd notice the likeness as soon as I added those ears!"—Spare Moments.

—H. E. Bierly, of Rebersburg, who has been a member of the faculty of the Virginia Woman's college, at Roanoke, has resigned to accept the chair of biology at the State College of Florida, at Tallahassee.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Some Pointed Questions

Does your urine contain any sediment? Is the lower part of your back sore, weak and lame? Does your urine have a whitish, milky color? Is there a smarting or scalding sensation in passing it? Does it pain you to hold it? Do you desire to urinate often, especially at night?

If you have any of these symptoms, your Kidneys are diseased and your life is in danger. More people die of such disorders than are killed in wars.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a direct and sure cure. It goes straight to the seat of diseases in the Kidneys, Bladder and Blood. It hunts out and drives from the system all the impurities that cause pain in the back, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, Urinary Troubles, and diseases of the Stomach and Liver. It acts at once. There is no long waiting to see if it will help.

"For years I suffered with my Kidneys," writes THOMAS QUACKENBUSH, of Pittsfield, Mass. "The pain in my back was so severe at times that I was obliged to keep to my bed. I suffered awfully when passing water, which was often discolored with blood. I tried almost everything in the shape of medicine, but nothing seemed to help me. One day I got a bottle of ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** and used it but a little while when it braced me right up. My back became all right, no pain at all; my water cleared up and passed from me without pain, and I grew better in every way. I consider it a great medicine, as it has done wonders for me. My wife uses it for female complaint, and thinks it's the finest medicine in the world."

Sample Bottle Free.

Every man and woman who reads this paper and is in need of medicine, is invited to send full postoffice address for a free trial bottle of ***Favorite Remedy*** to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y. Our offer is genuine, and the fact that it appears in this paper is a guarantee that the trial bottle will be sent prepaid. Don't delay in writing, and *mention this paper.*

A large bottle costs $1.00 at all drug stores.

HUMPHREYS' ANIMAL SPECIFICS.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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C. C. CURES } EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50. No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50. No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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THE N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE has an Agricultural Department of the highest merit, all important news of the Nation and World, comprehensive and reliable market reports, able editorials, interesting short stories, scientific and mechanical information, Illustrated fashion articles, humorous pictures, and is instructive and entertaining to every member of every family.

THE REPUBLICAN gives you all the local news, political and social, keeps you in close touch with your neighbors and friends, on the farm and in the village, informs you as to local prices for farm products, the condition of crops and prospects for the year, and is a bright, newsy, welcome and indispensable weekly visitor at your home and fireside.

Send all subscriptions to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

A PROCLAMATION

Governor Hastings Appoints Thursday, October 27th,

AS A DAY OF THANKSGIVING

The People Answered As One Man to the Country's Call and Our Army and Navy Behaved With Valor.

GREAT CAUSE FOR REJOICING

HARRISBURG, October 21.—Governor Hastings issued the following proclamation last night:

The people of Pennsylvania, together with their fellow citizens throughout the land, have great cause at this time for rejoicing and thanksgiving. A foreign power, by the barbarous and inhuman treatment of its own subjects, had shocked the civilized world. The American people reached the point where they would no longer permit humanity to be so cruelly outraged almost under the shadow of their own flag.

In the struggle which followed, God's guiding hand was abundantly manifested. The people answered as one man to the country's call. Our army and navy executed with unparalleled valor the will of the nation. Our victories by sea and land were signal triumphs for civilization and free government.

Pennsylvania's surviving soldiers have returned to their homes, bringing renewed proofs of their devotion to the flag. Where opportunity came they won the laurels always coveted by the American soldier, and where opportunity came not their devotion and steadfastness were deserving of equal praise.

DAY OF THANKSGIVING AND PRAYER.

The people of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the sentiment of the hour, desiring to make public manifestation of their appreciation of the services and sacrifice of those who so nobly sustained the nation's honor, will hold in the city of Philadelphia, on the 26th and 27th days of October, a peace jubilee, and it has been deemed meet and proper that one of the aforesaid days be set apart as a day of thanksgiving and prayer

Now, therefore, I, Daniel H. Hastings, governor of the said Commonwealth, do, by virtue of an act of the general assembly, approved the 23rd day of June, A. D. 1897, authorizing the chief executive to appoint days of thanksgiving and prayer or other religious observance, issue this, my proclamation, designating and setting apart Thursday, the 27th day of October, A. D. 1898, as a special day of thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God.

PRAYERS ARE REQUESTED.

And I do recommend that our usual places of worship be filled with God-fearing, thankful and patriotic worshipers, praying that the influence of the day's observance may find fruition in the years to come in that rectitude of life, that devotion to home and country and that performance of every private and public duty which shall be well pleasing to Him, to the end that the future shall know nothing but peace and that the results of the war may prove a permanent blessing to our land and to the cause of advancing civilization.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state, at the city of Harrisburg, this twentieth day of October, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-eight, and of the Commonwealth the One Hundred and Twenty-second.

[Signed] DANIEL H. HASTINGS.

DAVID MARTIN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Dead Baby Found.

Wednesday afternoon while coal train No. 50 was running west bound on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, the dead body of an infant was found in one of the empty coal cars at a point somewhere between Bald Eagle and Vail Stations. The body of the little babe was rolled up in an old black apron. The body was given in charge of an undertaker at Tyrone.

Virtue is still its own reward. The man who says good things is invited out to dinner oftener than the man who does good things.

In Europe Speer's Port Grape Wine Is ordered by families in Dresden, London and Paris for its superior medicinal virtues, and its blood-making qualitiy. It is made from a rare grape vines procured from Portugal.

When other people spend money in a way that we don't they are extravagant, and when they don't spend money in a way we do they are stingy.—Pittsburg News.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 529-16t

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of?

But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way?

You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will.

Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

At Camp in Porto Rico.

Arthur Murray of Co. L, 16th regiment P. V. I. a cousin of Mrs. W. K. Marshall, of Falls Creek, Pa., and Mrs. John T. Laurie, of this place, writes home to his parents as follows:

Ponce, Porto Rico, Sept. 29.

Dear Parents:—We are now encamped on Uncle Sam's newest garden, 4 miles from Ponce, Porto Rico and 24 miles from the 16th's headquarters, with nothing to attend to but guard duty, and hunt bananas and cocoanuts. The weather is so hot that we cannot drill, so we spend most of our time under the shade trees. It rained yesterday for the first time since we landed but it was so warm that it did not have much effect. Last night I was doing guard duty in my shirt sleeves in a place where the bullets were the thickest (watching the ammunition house). During the night a sentinel on post No 5, next to mine, thought he saw a guerilla approaching and let go with his Krag-jorgensen. It turned out to be a fine fat calf, however, and grub is a little scarce the carcus was prepared and roasted. Mistakes you know, will occurr in the best regulated families. We have considerable fun here with tarantulas. Two of them shut up together make a sight equal to a dog fight in Falls Creek only they won't give up until one or the other is dead. The tarantulae are as pientiful here as the spider is at home. They live in the ground and we fish them out with a straw which they will tackle like if they were crazy mad.

This country is peculiar. They raise sugar cane from the tops of the mountains clear down to the base, and the valleys are covered with palm, cocoanut, and other odd looking trees, where they are not under cultivation, but really there is nothing here to get stuck on particularly.

The people are runts and you would not consider them up to date outside of a ten cent show. They scrape and bow and twist themselves into a knot when the Americans come along, just as thought they thought it was smart.

Ponce looks just like those old Bible pictures of Jerusalem or Jerico. The houses are all two stories high and nearly all of brick. The others are regular old shacks.

Harry Moore and Billy Morgan are my tent mates. I have a hammock which I bought (nit) aboard the Obdam to sleep in. The boys say I look like a jack knife when I get doubled up in it, but it is better than to get up in the morning and have a lot of sore spots to rub up.

We are being supplied with lumber today for tent flooring. All of us have been fitted up with another new suit from head to foot. I have three now.

The 1st Kentucky boys are encamped right across the ravine from us. They are joliy boys and good friends to all of us. Our officers say that we will be home for Christmas. So please save the old turkey until then. The boys are all well. They send regards to all of you.

From your son,

ARTHUR MURRAY.

Ponce, Porto Rico, U. S. A,

CUBA AND ITS DEBT!

An English Newspapers Gives an Opinion.

WHY WE DO NOT ANNEX THE ISLAND

Monstrous That Such a Tyrant Should Burden Future Generations Because of the Hold He Now Has.

THE ENDING OF A LONG FIGHT

LONDON, October 22.—The Speaker in a long article on the peace commission says: "The reluctance America to annex Cuba is mainly due to a desire to escape the burden of the Cuban debt. At the same time the doctrine of international law by which a debt incurred by a ruler binds his successors rests upon slight foundation.

"It is monstrous that a tyrant should be able to burden future generations simply because he is in possession of the material government. If investors felt that in international law loans incurred against the will of the people would not attach to the country in the event of a change of government there would be less of that monetary support of misgovernment which has disgraced the high finance of the nineteenth century.

"For fifty years Spain has ruled Cuba in defiance of the will of the Cuban people and in spite of the constant protest of the United States. The cost of the military operations there has been met by loans specially chargeable upon Cuba. In the first place, in order to punish the Cubans, and in the second, in order to arrange for a cheap retreat in the event of being driven out by America.

In a word, the debt has been charged upon Cuba largely with the object of saddling it upon the United States. The bondholders were encouraged to look to the supposed doctrine of international law as part of the security, while they knew they were lending to Spain against the will of both Cubans and Americans. It is to be hoped that the United States, while assuming sovereignty over Cuba, will refuse to pay any part of the debt except the money used in the development of the island, thereby setting a most useful precedent of which tyrants and financiers will do well to take note."

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy

The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

Scene in Speer's Vineyards, AT PASSAIC, N. J.

Gathering the Oporto Grape for Port & Burgundy Wine.

Weakly persons, invalids and the aged, find this is just what they want, a genuine old-fashioned, rich

Blood-making Wine.

Uncorked wines in the world for the weakly and aged persons. FOR PARTIES.

Speer's Port & Burgundy Wine.

The Finest Wine in the world from his 56 Acres of Vineyards, where the soil is rich in iron, imparting it to the Oporto grape and the grape to the Wine—causes the dark, deep rich color, and blood-making property of this **life-giving Wine. The Iron in it.** This is the Wine that beats the world in its valuable medicinal qualities, for family use and evening parties; it is especially beneficial for females, invalids and aged persons.

The Port Wine is nine years old and the Burgundy, a rich dry wine eight years old.

The Claret equals the finest French product.

Druggists and Grocers Sell it.

Professional Cards.

D. H. HASTINGS, W. P. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 14-17-1y

A. A. DALE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. 24-19-1f

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Especially if you can buy an article that is as good or better than you can buy elsewhere. We have it—It is better than most articles sold for same purpose—It cleanses the teeth—hardens the gums—destroys all germs—leaves a delightfully fragrant taste in the mouth—dentists recommend it—it sells for 25c and we guarantee it, it is called "GREEN'S AROMATIC Antiseptic Tooth Wash—try it Manufactured at

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

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in the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling land, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, convenient distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. Delaware Land and Improvement Company, 11 Broadway, New York City.

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Restore Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases.

Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 403 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of DR. HAY'S KILL CORN, only sure and instant 10c. CORN CURE, on receipt of 60c. three bottles, $1.50.

AT ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DON'T ACCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED instantly. Our INVISIBLE TUBE Cushions Ear Drum as glasses help eyes. Self adjusting. No pain. Whispers heard. Send to F. Hiscox Co., 853 Broadway, N. Y., for illustrated book and proofs. FREE

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AT SPECIAL TRIP RATE.

This large illustrated sportsman's weekly is just the paper for you if you are a shooter or angler or amateur sailor or camper or observer of nature. FOREST AND STREAM is called the "sportsman's home journal," because all in the home read it. To know it is to like it. The price is 10 cents per copy (of all newsdealers); but that you may get acquainted with FOREST AND STREAM, send 25 cents (silver or stamps), and we will send the paper for four weeks as a special trial trip. Our catalogue of best books on outdoor sports will come to you free. Address

FOREST AND STREAM PUBLISHING CO. 346 Broadway, New York.

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The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

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BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
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Three inches	10	15	20
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Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

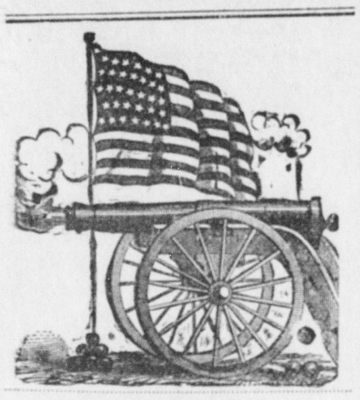
Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.



A CONTEST TO DEFEAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

In closing an address to the people of Pennsylvania, Chairman Elkin, gives utterance to the following eloquent and patriotic sentiment which every true Republican should heed and act upon at the coming election

"It might as well be understood now that this is a contest to defeat Republican supremacy in Pennsylvania. The organization is prepared to defend the party from all these reckless and malicious attacks. It is our purpose to labor for the success of the whole Republican ticket, county as well as state. It is our desire to uphold the administration of President McKinley, and we feel the necessity of returning the greatest possible number of Republican congressmen for this state. It is also important that a Republican United States senator should be returned from Pennsylvania. With a new governmental policy growing out of the Issues of the war we should see to it that Pennsylvania is represented by straightout Republicans in both houses of congress.

"In conclusion I desire to say that I shall not enter into any competition with Mr. Wanamaker in defaming the state of which I am proud to be a citizen, besmirching the good name of its people in the eyes of the country. I prefer rather to exalt and glorify it within all proper bounds of language. God has blessed its hills and valleys with matchless resources, above and under ground, far beyond Golconda and the Klondike, and the genius and industry of its people have developed it into an imperial domain. I prefer to look at it with eyes unjaundiced by any disappointed ambition, and to think of it as it is, the home of education and integrity, morality and religion, rather than to proclaim it as a breeding ground of iniquity, whose people choose habitual criminals as their representatives to enact their laws and administer their public affairs."

Republican County Ticket.

CONGRESS.
W. C. ARNOLD,
DuBois.

STATE SENATOR.
W. A. OSBORN,
DuBois.

LEGISLATURE.
J. A. DALEY,
Curtin.
E. F. TOWNSEND,
Philipsburg.

PROTHONOTARY.
A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW,
of Susquehanna.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,

TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Oct. 24th 1898.

President McKinley talks with the greatest enthusiasm of his experience on his Western trip. Although it was a period of hard work for him, as in addition to the speeches he made and the receptions he held, he transacted a great deal of important public business, having been accompanied by two secretaries and in constant telegraphic communication with Washington, he says he would not have missed the object lesson in the patriotism of the people, which he saw everywhere, for anything. He will, this week attend the Peace jubilee at Philadelphia and possibly make a short trip further east. President McKinley will not talk politics for publication, but his personal friends know that he is pleased with the political information he obtained on his trip and that he is perfectly confident that the country will emphasize its indorsement of his administration and its great accomplishments by electing a republican majority of the House, to assist the republican Senate, which will exist next March, in carrying out his policy and in maintaining and adding to the prosperity which the country is now enjoying as a direct result of republican legislation and administration. His confidence in the success of the republicans in the congressional elections is shared by all the party leaders who are in Washington.

In a letter received in Washington Miss Lillian M. Kratz, who has been a nurse in the military hospital at Santiago since July, says: "Now, about our work here among the poor soldier boys. Well, everything is being done for them within reason in spite of the many reports to the contrary, as we see in the daily papers, and I am sure there is no room for complaints at this end. They have eggs, at the rate of ten cents per egg; soups, fresh meat; in fact, they have everything the island affords for their benefit and comfort, and they have comfortable cots and plenty of clean linen &c, and I really think, taking the circumstances into consideration that they are treated as well as they possibly could be treated." Miss Kratz is not an amateur, but a regular graduate of St. Luke's hospital at St. Louis, and is therefore competent to judge of what she writes.

The Board of Army officers appointed to examine the Spanish small arms captured at Santiago, has made a report that seven thousand of the Mauser rifles could be easily put in condition to be used. The Board did not report on the question of using these rifles in the army, but unless there should come a time when more rifles would be needed in a hurry then we could get, there is no probability that we will ever use them. The Mauser rifle requires ammunition that is not interchangeable with any rifle used in our army. That alone is enough to prevent our making use of these seven thousand rifles which can easily be sold.

One of the Civil service commissioners, M. S. Brewer, has admitted, very much to the disgust of certain smart aleck democrats, and some others, that the Ohio republican state executive committee violated no law in sending an agent to Washington with authority to invite the Ohio republicans holding Federal offices to call on him at a private address, even though he solicited contributions from those who accepted his invitation. The law says no campaign contributions shall be solicited or received by a Federal official, and that no person shall solicit such contributions in a public building.

Mr. Charles Counselman, a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, who is now in Washington, gives the following as a business man's view of the political outlook: "Just as soon as this election is over and the country feels once more safe, by reason of the success of the republicans, there is going to ensue an era of the most wonderful prosperity in our history. The success of the republicans this year, I deem vital, for it will mean the permanent elimination of the free silver issue. If the democrats should happen to carry the House they will feel encouraged to once more try to rouse the people with the financial fallacies that they failed with in 1896. That would mean a check on returning prosperity, for the mere supposition of danger of a degraded currency makes business men timid."

That the democratic congressional campaign committee has been conducting this campaign on the any body to beat a republican plan, regardless of such a thing as political principle, has been known for some time, but ex-Representative Kerr, of Pa., who is Secretary of the committee and who has done about all the managing that has been done for it, candidly stated that it was reasonably certain that the republicans would control the Senate after next March, and that the sole object of his committee in this campaign was to elect a majority of the House that would block republican legislation. He also stated that even if the house should be controlled by anti-republicans, there would be no legislation because of differences in opinion as to what policy should be followed. In other words, Mr. Kerr confesses that opposition to republicans is the only thing upon which the democrats can be depended to act together. Present indications are that the voters will block this little scheme.

Adjutant General Cowles, of N. C., says the state will go republican by 40,000 majority, and that the party will certainly hold its own in the Congressional districts with a probability of gaining.

IT'S IN THE AIR.

Bellefonte People Talk About.—There are Praises in the Air.

It's in the air.
Can't stop it spreading.
Can't stop people talking.
Can't keep down a good thing.
It has become common property.
People who don't know about it want to know.
People who do know want to tell about it.
There's a reason for this.
'Tis kidney education.
Bellefonte people are learning it fast.
Learning it by experience.
Learning it from their neighbors.
It's what we say, and what they say.
We say backache means kidney ache.
They say Doan's Kidney Pills cure it.
We say lame or weak back means weak kidneys.
They say Doan's Kidney Pills make the kidneys strong.
This is not a theory but a condition.
Here's a proof of it.

Mrs. L. A. Miles, of High street, says: "I was very much troubled with my back and with rheumatism. This latter affected my heart and besides I had neuralgia. My rest was very much broken from nervousness and the kidney secretions embarrassed me when my back was aching badly. I was told about Doan's Kidney Pills by a young woman who had come 17 miles to get them and she appeared surprised that I was not acquainted with their merits. I immediately went to the Bush Block drug store and got them. Well, they did me any amount of good. I was astonished at the result of their use and the pain and lameness soon left me. They also banished the tired feeling I had mornings. I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name *Doan's* and take no substitute.

A new medical laboratory will soon be erected at the University of Pennsylvania

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

The American Commissioners Are Considering the Spanish Proposals.

THE REPLY WILL BE SENT TODAY

Fears That Spanish Ministry Will Tender Its Resignation—Newspapers Urge Settlement of Difficulties.

SLOW PROGRESS TOWARDS PEACE

Paris, Oct 24.—The United States peace commission held two sittings Saturday to consider the voluminous communication presented yesterday by the Spanish commissioners. This new proposition of the Spaniards looks to a compromise between the refusal of the Americans to assume any of the Cuban debt and the Spanish holding that the United States should assume it wholly.

The terms of Friday's proposal are obviously unknown, save to the commissioners.

The American commissioners will reply to the communication at Monday's joint session, and an extended argument will then follow and will carry the matter possibly over to another meeting.

Madrid, Oct 24—The newspapers here regard a ministerial crisis as imminent urge the ministers to sink their differences in view of Spain's many difficulties. Several of the papers violently attack Senor Gamazo, the minister of public instruction for resigning and thus complicating the situation.

Paris, Oct, 24.—Le Temps last evening deals editorially with the work of the Spanish and American peace commissions, remarking at the outset that little progress had thus far been made in the negotiations. Both sides, the paper says, have the best intentions. No Spaniard desires the renewal of hostilities, and no American has the purpose to crush the vanquished adversary.

La Temps then cites the methods of written interchanges between the commissions as a cause of the slow progress and says it is evident that such a procedure has been adopted to retard and complicate the progress of the negotiations, such a system of monologues instead of dialogues requiring illimitable time, labor and good humor.

It should be parenthetically stated that, through contra-allegations have been made the plan of written interchange had its birth in the Spanish commission, the Americans having been more disposed to a free-hand discussion to the end of more speedily arriving at conclusions. On this point Le Temps is clearly misinformed, for it affirms that the Spaniards would have been glad to simplify the procedure, and that Senor Abarzuza, of the Spanish commission, attempted a free discussion instead of long writtings, but was not listened to. This last statement is also misinformation, as all utterances on both sides are received with due attention.

Le Temps, continuing, remarks that the present cumbersome methods employed here mark a return to those of the interminable congress of Munster, which, after eight years, produced the treaty of Westphalia, and Le Temps regards as curious the fact that the modern republic of the United States has assisted in that species of archaelogical resurrection.

The paper then recites at length the Spanish contention regarding the Cuban debt in terms so exact as to indicate the Spaniards as the source of information.

The democrats of this county call their political gatherings "Reform Meetings." The curbstone philosopher wants to know when and where the reformation took place. He thinks it is the same pack of robbers who looted the State treasury when that honest old democrat Col. Noyes was state treasurer, which speculation hastened his death. That was a democratic Reform administration which promised then, as now, to set an example of honesty. If successful again, it would do the same thing and before it would be ended the state treasury would be bankrupted and more democrats would be sent to the penitentiary for further reformation.

REPUBLICANS WILL STAND BY M'KINLEY

The President's Patriotic Speeches Have Aroused Feelings of Loyalty and Party Fervor.

WAR PROBLEMS NOT SETTLED

Over a Hundred Thousand of the Enemy's Troops Still in Cuba, and the Crafty Spaniards in the Paris Conference Show No Signs of Yielding.

The presence of President McKinley within the borders of the Keystone State in attendance at the peace jubilee celebration in Philadelphia, cannot but be an inspiration to every Republican in Pennsylvania. The magnificent speeches of the president on his tour to the Omaha exposition teemed with patriotic sentiments and aroused feelings of admiration and pride in the breast of every Republican and sound money Democrat who in any way aided in his election and the overthrow of Bryanism in 1896. While in no instance did the president make any direct allusion to politics, while on his travels west, in his private talks with friends whom he met in the several states it was made quite apparent that he is exceedingly anxious that there shall be nothing in the returns of next month's election which will in any way indicate lack of interest on the part of the people, and particularly among his fellow Republicans, in the grave situation which now confronts his administration. The president has received assurances from the Republican leaders in all the doubtful states that his recent public utterances have had a wonderful effect upon the voters in reminding them that an opportunity will be presented in a few days for them to go to the polls and give by their ballots, in the most direct way possible, a vote of confidence and approval of the national administration. The lining up of the Republicans in such states as Iowa, New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and the others in which there are debatable congressional districts, within the last week has been the subject of general comment.

THE WAR NOT OVER.

No one knows better than the president the serious nature of the problems yet to be solved in connection with the Spanish war. Great peace jubilees, in the minds of many, while calculated to keep alive the spirit of patriotism, are in fact, misnomers. The war is not over by any means. A special dispatch from Washington to the New York Tribune on this subject is interesting. It directs attention to the fact that there are still 120,000 soldiers of the Spanish army in Cuba, with all their accoutrements of war. While it was thought that the Spanish government would have had the greater portion of this army out of the island by this time, it is now stated that no efforts will be made to send these troops home before Dec. 1. The municipal affairs of Havana are still in the hands of the Spanish officials. The reports from Paris regarding the peace commissioners all show that little if any progress has been made toward reaching a settlement of the many questions involved. The crafty Spaniards are employing every known trick of European diplomacy to thwart the efforts of the American commissioners and the best advised correspondents of the great newspapers cable their editors that they are unable to give any assurances that the commissioners will reach an early agreement. They declare that there is nothing to indicate that the commissioners are any nearer a settlement than they were the first day they met.

A WARNING TO REPUBLICANS.

Congressman James Rankin Young gave a timely warning to Republicans of Pennsylvania a few days ago, when he publicly declared, "As yet there is no peace. Let us cherish no such illusion. There will be no peace until the Paris commissioners sign and seal the bond. The president's wishes will only be regarded when they are emphasized by your votes as the will of the American people. These gentlemen of Spain, now in Paris as commissioners, are well informed as to this campaign. They are as anxious for the defeat of Mr. McKinley as Jefferson Davis was for the defeat of Lincoln. Every blow aimed at the president, every vote thrown against him, every intemperate speech, every morsel of scandal swept out of the gutters of a polluted journalism, weakens the hands of the president, and tends to hamstring our commissioners in Paris. If there should be such a calamity as the defeat of the administration in November, it will invite a renewal of the war. It will give a premium upon disloyalty, and invite a contingency in which the blood and treasure spent at Santiago and Manila will be as water spilled upon the ground.

"We cannot take too high ground in support of the president. More than at any time since Lincoln proclaimed emancipation, it is our duty to be with our leader in these glorious wars. Not in a dubious, uncertain, half hearted fashion, as a mere expression of party zeal, but firm, outspoken, incandescent. Auxiliary questions will be met in due time. Upon these there will be legitimate, welcome differences of opinion. Before we arrange the household let the fire go down. A war is not over in a day. The sea throbs and sobs long after a hurricane, and we are now in the throbbing and sobbing of the war with Spain, which can be settled promptly only by the American people standing loyally by their president at the coming election."

Should the plans of the anti-Quay element succeed it would be at the expense of Republican supremacy in this state. This price is too much to pay in order to defeat or promote the individual interests of any men or set of men.—Easton Free Press.

The arrest of Senator Quay was intended as a bombshell explosion, but somehow the prearranged effects failed to appear.—Bradford Era.

Sleepless Nights

Run Down in Health—Constant Pains in Arms and Shoulders—A Valuable Gift—Health, Appetite and Sleep—Pains are Gone.

"I was run down in health and could hardly keep on my feet. The least exertion would cause palpitation and I would feel as though I was being smothered. My nights were sleepless and I felt worse in the morning than when I retired. My liver was out of order and I had constant pains in my arms and shoulders and numbness in my limbs. I was sometimes dizzy and would fall. My son gave me two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and they proved of more value than a very costly gift. In a short time after taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I had a good appetite, sleep came back to me and the pains all left me." MRS. ANNIE E. STETTER, 621 Marietta Ave., Lancaster, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

THE FRENCH VIEW!

Semi-Official Note Denies Alarmist Rumors.

THE WAYS OF DIPLOMACY

France Thinks Her Officer Had the Same Right to Fashoda That General Kitchener Relegates to Himself.

SENDING TROOPS TO CHERBURG

PARIS, October 24.—A semi-official note issued last evening says: "There is no foundation for the alarmist rumors regarding the relations between France and Great Britain. It is equally incorrect to say that extraordinary measures have been taken at any of our naval ports."

The Fashoda yellow book is voluminous, but it does not include Major Marchand's report, which will be published later. The dispatches were largely anticipated by the English Fashoda blue book. The diplomatic conversations recorded show a curious endeavor on the French side to represent that Marchand's mission was quite as important as General Kitchener's on the ground that the struggle was against the khalifa and barbarism.

On September 18, M. Delcasse, the foreign minister, informed the British ambassador to France, Sir Edmund Monson, in explicit language, that France did not regard Lord Salisbury's claim to the Soudan by virtue of conquest as applying to Fashoda, on the ground that the Marchand expedition went to the relief of the French expedition under Captain Licotard, which dated from a period long before the declaration in the house of commons by Sir Edward Grey, under secretary of state for foreign affairs in Lord Rosebery's cabinet, as to the policy of the British government towards the Soudanese at a time when the equatorial provinces were lost to civilization. In fact, M. Delcasse argued, unless Great Britain possessed the sultan's mandate, as well as the khedive's, to acquire all former Egyptian provinces, France considered herself equally entitled with England to possession of any point occupied by French officers.

Judging from the yellow book dispatches the foregoing represents the French standpoint and M. Delcasse contends that as Marchand reached Fashoda first England has no right to demand an evacuation of Fashoda prior to negotiations. On September 30 M. Delcasse declared to Sir Edmund Monson that such a demand would be equivalent to an ultimatum and while he could afford to sacrifice France's material interests so long as her honor was intact, for the sake of the Anglo-French entente, no one could doubt what would be the reply of France to such a demand.

The subsequent dispatches appearing in the yellow book relate to conversations between Baron De Courcel, French ambassador in London, and Lord Salisbury, the latter contending that the capture of Khartoum entitled Egypt to the possession of all the mahdi's dominions, and the French ambassador arguing that Major Marchand had captured Fashoda before General Kitchener took Khartoum, and that France had for a long time held several posts in the Bahr-El-Gazal.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

LINING UP FOR THE GREAT FIGHT

Pennsylvania Republicans Were Never More Aggressive and Confident of Victory.

DEMOCRATS GET TOGETHER.

Harrity and Guffey Come to Terms in the Hope of Dividing the Offices.

THE ISSUE NOW CLEAR.

The Contest Has Narrowed Down to the Old Struggle With the Bourbons, and Republicanism Is Bound to Triumph in the End.

A remarkable lining up of the Republican forces for the approaching election is reported from every county in the state. Chairman John P. Elkin, at the Republican state headquarters in Philadelphia, has been in correspondence with the county chairmen, and in many localities he has had canvasses made, with a view of getting directly to the sentiment of the voters. The returns of this poll have been most gratifying to the Republicans, and indicate that an intense feeling has been aroused by the guerrilla warfare waged against the Republican party, its candates and its leaders by men like John Wanamaker, who have been rejected by the Republican voters, after regular contests at the primaries,in their aspirations to hold office. The lavish expenditure of money in the campaign that is being waged by this millionaire many times over has, of course, occasioned political excitement in many quarters, but the people have been thoroughly informed as to the motives that prompt these attacks, and they have had an effect quite the opposite to what the instigators had intended. The fact that the Wanamaker agents have been at work making deals with Democrats in a number of counties, under the terms of which they are to cast their ballots for Democratic nominees, has become generally known. The plotters have been as ready to stab the party as they have been to stab its leaders. The assistance they have received from the Wanamaker political bureau has led to a consolidation of the heretofore shattered forces of the Democracy. After the defeat of the Harrity forces by the Guffey men, the former leaders of the state Democracy were disposed to sulk. The last week witnessed a complete change in the situation as regards the Democracy.

HARRITY TAKES A HAND.

Former National Chairman William F. Harrity has come out in a public declaration for Jenks, the Democratic candidate for governor, and has announced his intention to take an active hand in the campaign. The decline of the Swallow movement and the manifest intention of all the anti-Republican element to support Jenks is probably what brought Harrity out of his retirement. In an authorized statement published with the purpose to notify his Democratic followers throughout the state to get in line for Jenks, Harrity said:

"I believe that at the present time Mr. Jenks and Colonel Stone are running a close race, with the latter possibly slightly in the lead. This lead, however, has been gradually but surely diminished within the past week, and if from now until election day Mr. Jenks shall continue to gain, and Colonel Stone to lose as each has done recently (as I confidently believe each will) Colonel Stone will assuredly be defeated by a decisive plurality. The drift is unmistakably in favor of Mr. Jenks. I regard Dr. Swallow as third in the race, and certain to remain so to the end. For this reason I have no hesitation in saying that those who desire the defeat of Colonel Stone can only accomplish it by supporting Mr. Jenks."

This interview has opened the eyes of Republicans to the real situation, and they are getting together on every hand.

DANGER IN OVER CONFIDENCE.

Republicans see their only danger in over confidence of their voters. They believe, however, that this will be averted by the efforts of the leaders during the remaining days of the canvass. The effort in the several counties now is to get out the vote. There is no doubt about the sentiment of the people and as to how they will cast their ballots if they go to the polls, so the great work in hand is to get them out on election day. The Democrats hope to catch Republicans napping, as they have done before, but there is reason to believe that they will be disappointed this time.

Colonel Clayton McMichael, than whom there is no more prominent man among the influential members of the Union League of Philadelphia, and who is a well known figure in national politics, sounds a warning to apathetic Republicans in Pennsylvania.

"I do not know," says Colonel McMichael, "whether the uneasiness which the Republican leaders at Washington are said to feel with regard to the result of the approaching congressional elections does or does not rest upon any solid foundation of fact, or whether it merely arises from an apprehension that what usually happens two years after the conclusion of a presidential contest will happen again this year. What usually happens is a reaction against the party in power, partly resulting from the inevitable disappointment which follows every change of government as the shadow follows the sun, but in larger measure brought about by the lassitude and indifference among the members of the successful party, which seems to be one of the unavoidable consequences of victory. For many years the experience has been unbroken. It was repeated in 1878, and in 1882, and in 1886, and in 1890, and in 1894. In each of those years control of the lower branch of congress was secured by the anti-administration party, and it may be that next month history will repeat itself and that the Democrats will have a majority in the house of representatives. The danger is at least sufficiently imminent to justify the Republican leaders in taking a serious though not a despondent view of the situation, and it ought to impress every Republican voter with a due sense of his responsibility and stimulate him to do his full duty by his party and his country when the time arrives.

"Here in Pennsylvania, as in other eastern states, an effort has been made by the Democrats, by ignoring the financial question, to delude the people into supposing that the 16-to-1 tomfoolery has been abandoned. But the control of the Democracy rests with the south, and there the demand of the Democratic politicians for free silver is as clamorous as ever. But what reason is there to suppose, after the demonstration of recent experience, that the doctrine of free silver has grown any stronger than it was two years ago? All the probabilities are to the contrary. It derived its dangerous strength from the western farmer, then in distress. The farmer is prosperous now, and he has learned the fallacy of the argument that the price of wheat and the price of silver are interdependent."

THE M'KINLEY ADMINISTRATION.

That President McKinley's administration will be an issue at the coming election will more than anything else help to bring out the Republican vote.

"In his recent speeches the president has appealed not to partisan, but to the national spirit of the country," remarked Senator Boies Penrose in speaking on this subject. "He asks the aid of the nation. He seeks the support of every man who believes in the results of his administration. I appeal not to the martial spirit of this nation, great as have been our victories on sea and land. I appeal to the quiet, sober thought of the American people, who do not go to war unless for honor and humanity, and I make this appeal to you that you give loyal support to President McKinley and the Republican party in the spirit he has asked for it.

"He wants Pennsylvania to remain the Keystone state of the Republican party. I do not hesitate to say that no one would mourn more than he disaster to the Republican party in this state, and I say advisedly that the loyal Republicans of Pennsylvania will be found on the 8th of November holding up his hands and assisting in guiding this nation through the leadership of the Republican party to our manifest and glorious destiny."

JOHN WANAMAKER'S RECORD

Political Career of the Philadelphia Millionaire Told in Five Paragraphs.

1887—Failed to receive the Republican nomination for mayor of Philadelphia given unanimously to Hon. Edwin H. Fitler. Wanamaker entered into negotiations with William F. Harrity and others for Democratic support for an independent candidacy, but gave up the job when it became apparent that Fitler could not be beaten.

1889—Successfully backed by Senator M. S. Quay, who was then chairman of the Republican national committee, for the postmaster generalship under President Harrison.

1897—Rejected by the Republican caucus which named Hon. Boies Penrose for United States senator, after he had expended thousands of dollars.

1898—After a fair contest, in which he made more heavy expenditures, defeated for the Republican nomination for governor, which was bestowed upon Colonel William A. Stone.

1898—Takes the stump, denouncing the Republican party and its leaders; advocates deals with Democrats and Prohibitionists to defeat regularly nominated Republican candidates for the legislature, thereby imperiling the election of a Republican to the United States senate and inspiring the free trade and free silver Democracy with hopes of carrying Pennsylvania against the party of President McKinley with a war with Spain still undecided.

And he is still spending money.

There is today not a majority of Republicans in the United States senate sound on financial questions. United on finance, the Republicans would have a bare working majority. Send a Democrat or Populist, or any antagonist to the Republican party, and the president will be further embarrassed in his admittedly sound and wise policy.—Reading Times.

It is a campaign which continually violates the commandment "Thou shalt not bear false witness." Relying upon the violation of this commandment for success, the anti-Republican campaign seeks to defeat Stone for governor, capture the legislature and turn the United States senate over to the foes of President McKinley. Are the Republican voters of Pennsylvania going to permit such a campaign to succeed?—Bryn Mawr News.

Quay probably has been the worst maligned man in the state of Pennsylvania, but he comes out of every attack stronger than ever with the people. Heretofore he has pursued his enemies with the courage of a Napoleon and has a judgment against some poor fool in almost every county of the state, but not like most men, when once prosecuted to judgment and himself vindicated, he lets up on his maligners. This will hardly be the case this time. —Clearfield Journal.

Both Swallow and Jenks are running around over the state dumb as oysters on the great questions which must confront President McKinley in the next congress, but confining their speeches to the parrot cry of Quay, Quay, Quay, and indulging in passionate tirades of personal abuse of individual Republicans. On the side of the opposition to the Republicans, it is a campaign of cowardice and vilification. What a spectacle for thoughtful people to contemplate.—Uniontown News.

KICKER TALKS MUCH BUT VOTES ONCE.

Few Dissenters Are Making a Racket, But Regulars Are Saying Little.

WAIT FOR THE RETURNS.

The Grand Army of Patriotic Stalwart Republicans Will March to the Polls and Support All the Regularly Nominated Candidates.

As the state political campaign is drawing to a close it is becoming more and more apparent that the percentage of Republicans who are not going to support their full party ticket is quite small, considering the uproar that has been made by the disgruntled element. In this connection the remarks of David H. Lane, a well known Republican leader of the Quaker City, quoted by a special correspondent from Philadelphia, are timely and interesting.

"What do you think of the political outlook?" Mr. Lane was asked.

REPUBLICANS ARE ALL RIGHT.

"Why, I think the prospects of Republican success in Pennsylvania are all right," was his prompt reply.

"But how about this racket being made by the Swallow and the Wanamaker orators?"

"I do not think that anybody who knows anything believes that Swallow will be higher than third in the race."

"But his supporters are making great claims," remarked the interviewer.

"Of course that is only natural," replied Mr. Lane. "A kicker is always very loud and very frequent. Wherever he goes he proclaims his opposition to his former party, and people who hear from him are inclined to believe that every time he speaks he is another person, and that instead of being one man he is a dozen. The regular does not go round talking about his belief, or if he did, no attention would be paid to him, but the moment he quits his party and begins to abuse McKinley or Bryan then he makes a sensation and sets people to talking. When we come to vote, however, our blatant talk counts for nothing but the one vote we cast individually.

COLLAPSE OF THE STEWART BOOM.

"Here in Philadelphia in 1882 there was a tremendous amount of talk about the independent Republican candidate for governor, John Stewart. It was even more general than was the Swallow agitation in this city a few weeks ago, before the Republican tide set in so strongly. When the election returns were read it was found that there were but 7,992 votes cast for Stewart in the entire city of Philadelphia, while General Beaver polled 70,875 votes and Pattison 67,401. It has ever since been a matter of wonder to the people how they could have gotten the idea that Stewart was going to carry the city. It is the same with the Swallow boom. After election there will be a great many Prohibitionists figuring out where the votes went to that they were expecting and did not get. The kicker talks much, but votes only once. I find the Republicans in my locality saying very little, while a few agitators are engaged in flooding the district with literature, but when I asked some of them how they are going the other day they became indignant at my questioning their loyalty to the Republican party at such a critical period in the history of our country. I have concluded not to bother about the frantic efforts of a few disgruntled voters to cause dissension in our ranks. They have the noise now. Our Republican candidate will get the votes on election day, and our majorities will be larger than ever."

—The farmers who this year raised sugar beets for the Binghamton refinery will pocket a snug sum of money in consequence. One man's experience is cited as an illustration: He planted twenty acres of beets and good judges who have inspected the crop say it will yield 600 tons of the saccharine vegetable, which at $4 per ton, the price paid at the refinery, will bring him a neat sum of $2, 400 or $120 per acre.

Englishwomen are said to average two inches more in height than Americans.

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Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c at Druggists or by mail.

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RUDYARD KIPLING.

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THOSE who subscribe at once for the 1899 volume will receive the remaining issues of 1898, including the beautiful Double Holiday Numbers, Free. Among the many famous contributors to these issues will be

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Illustrated Announcement and Sample Copies Free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, - - 201 Columbus Avenue, BOSTON, MASS.

THE magnificent new hall of Progress Grange is rapidly approaching completion. A Harvest Home entertainment and supper will be held in it on Thanksgiving. Citizens of Centre Hall and vicinity assist in rendering the occasion memorable.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat,new	65c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	40c	Buckwheat	20c
Corn, shelled	40c	Cloverseed	
Corn,ears new	35c	Crimson Clover Seed	$3.00
Oats, old	20c		
Oats, new	19		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	6c	Potatoes	45
Country Shoulders		Onions	50
Country Sides		PER DOZEN	
Counter Hams		Eggs	18c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	8c		

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial district, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 26th day of Oct, 1898, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of November, being the 28th day of November, 1898, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, Justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 22th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 26th day of Oct, in the year of our Lord 1898, and the one hundred and twenty-second year of the independence of the United States. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Wm. M. Cronister, High Sheriff of Centre county, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November, 1898, being the

EIGHTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1898,

for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to wit:

One person for Governor
One person for Lieutenant Governor
One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs
Two persons for Judge of the Superior Court
Two persons for Representatives at-Large in Congress
One person for Representative in Congress representing the Twenty-eighth Congressional District
One person for Senator in the General Assembly, representing the Thirty-fourth Senatorial District
Two persons for Representatives in the General Assembly representing Centre county
One person for Prothonotary of Centre county
One person for District Attorney of Centre county, and
One person for County Surveyor of Centre county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place for holding elections in the several wards, boroughs, precincts and townships within the county of Centre, is as follows:

For the North ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the house occupied by the Hook and Ladder company, on East Howard street, in Bellefonte

For the South ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the Court House, in Bellefonte

For the West ward of the borough of Bellefonte, in the carriage shops of S A McQuistion, in Bellefonte

For the First ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the house of Adam Moyer, corner of Beaver and Front streets

For the Second ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the public building at the corner of North Centre and Presqu'isle Strs.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the corner of Pine and Seventh streets, in the Dorland building

For the borough of Centre Hall in a room at Runkle's Lotel

For the borough of Howard at the public school house in said borough

For the borough of Millheim, in a room at the National Hotel

For the borough of Milesburg in the new borough building on Market street

For the borough of South Philipsburg at the dwelling house of John Summers

For the borough of Unionville at the new school house in said borough

For the borough of State College at the band hall in said borough

For the township of Benner, North precinct, at the Knox school house

For the township of Benner, South precinct, at Hoy's school house

For the township of Boggs, East precinct, at Curtin's school house

For the township of Boggs West precinct at the school house in Central City

For the township of Boggs North precinct, at the public school house known as Walker's school house

For the township of Burnside at the public house of Mrs Della Fitzers

For the township of College at the school house in the village of Lemont

For the township of Curtin at the school house near Robert Mann's

For the township of Ferguson East precinct at the public house of J A Decker in Pine Grove Mills

For the township of Ferguson West precinct at the old school house at Baileyville

For the East precinct of Gregg township in room of house occupied by Andrew Zettle at Penn Hall

For the West precinct of Gregg township in a room at David Rhule's hotel

For the North precinct of Gregg township at Murray's school house

For the township of Haines East precinct at the public school house at Woodward

For the township of Haines West precinct at the public house or hotel at Aaronsburg

For Half Moon township at the Grand Army Post Hall in the village of Stormstown

For the township of Harris at the town hall in the public school house in the village of Boalsburg

For the township of Howard at the office of the Howard Creamery company

For the township of Huston at the hall of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America in Julian

For the township or Liberty at the school house in Eagleville

For the township of Marion at the school house in Jacksonville

For the East precinct of Miles township at the dwelling house of Jasper Wolf at Wolf's Store

For the Middle precinct of Miles township at the hall known as Harter's hall in Rebersburg

For the west precinct of Miles township in the empty store room of Elias Miller at Madisonburg

For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray

For the township of Penn at the house formerly owned by Luther Guisewhite at Coburn

For the North precinct of Potter township at the Old Fort hotel

For the South precinct of Potter township at the hotel in the village of Potters Mills

For the township of Rush North precinct at the school house at Cold Stream

For the township of Rush South precinct at the public school house in the village of Powelton

For the East precinct of Snow Shoe twp in a room of house occupied by Rebecca Williams

For the West precinct of Snow Shoe twp at the school house in the village of Moshannon

For the West precinct of Spring twp at the office of the Nail works

For the North precinct of Spring twp at the vacant dwelling house at Valentine's Iron works

For the South precinct of Spring twp at the public house of Gotlieb Haag in the village of Pleasant Gap

For the twp of Taylor at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Murrayman

For the twp of Union at the township's public building

For the West precinct of Walker twp at the vacant store room of S Showers in the village of Zion

For the middle precinct of Walker twp at the Grange hall in the village of Hublersburg

For the East precinct of Walker twp in Robb's hotel in the village of Nittany

For the twp of Worth at the hall of the Knights of the Golden Eagle at Port Matilda

The following is the official list of nominations made by the several parties, and as their names will appear upon the tickets to be voted for on the 8th day of November 1898, at the different voting places in Centre county as certified to, respectively by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the Commissioners of Centre county, to wit:

REPUBLICAN.

Governor—William A Stone
Lieutenant Governor—John P S Gobin
Secretary of Internal Affairs—James W Latta
Judge of the Superior Court—William W Porter, William D Porter
Representative at Large in Congress—Galusha A Grow, Samuel A Davenport
Representative in Congress 28th Congressional District—William C Arnold
Senator in the General Assembly, thirty-fourth Senatorial District—William A Osburn
Representatives in the General Assembly—John A Daley, Eli P Townsend
Prothonotary of Centre Co—A C Williams

DEMOCRATIC.

Governor—George A Jenks
Lieutenant Governor—William H Sowden
Secretary of Internal Affairs—Patrick DeLacy
Judge of the Superior Court—William Trickett, Calvin M Bower
Representatives at Large in Congress—Franklin P Jams, Jerry N Weller
Representative in Congress 28th Congressional District—James K P Hall
Senator in the General Assembly, thirty-fourth Senatorial District—William C Heinle
Representative in the General Assembly from Centre Co—Robert M Foster, J H Wetzel
Prothonotary of Centre Co—M J Gardner
District Attorney of Centre Co—N E Spangler
County Surveyor of Centre Co—H B Herring

PROHIBITION.

Governor—Silas C Swallow
Lieut. Governor—Emmett D Nicholas
Secretary of Internal Affairs—Sterling W Dickson
Judge of the Superior Court—Lewis D Vail, William Trickett
Representatives at Large in Congress—George H Garber, Pennock E Sharpless
Representative in Congress, twenty-eighth Congressional District—Geo. W Rheem
Senator in the General Assembly, thirty-fourth Senatorial District, Charles S Long
Representative in the General Assembly, Albert Y Williams, William H Long
Prothonotary of Centre Co—Albert Beerly

PEOPLE'S.

Governor—Silas C Swallow
Lieut Governor—Justus Watkins
Secretary of Internal Affairs—David Logan
Judge of the Superior Court—William Trickett, J Newton Huston
Representative at Large in Congress—Dennis E Johnson, Jerry N Weller

SOCIALIST LABOR.

Governor—J Mahlon Barnes
Lieut Governor—W H Thomas
Secretary of Internal Affairs—Henry Peters
Representative at Large in Congress—John R Rost, Donald L Munro

LIBERTY.

Governor—Silas C Swallow
Lieut Governor—Justus Watkins
Secretary of Internal Affairs—Adolphus P Hutchinson
Judge of the Superior Court—J Newton Huston, William Trickett
Representative at Large in Congress—J Acker Guss, Charles P Shaw

HONEST GOVERNMENT.

Governor—Silas C Swallow

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this state, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this state, or United States, or of any city or incorporated district and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, Judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Under the law of this commonwealth for holding elections, the polls shall open at 7 o'clock A. M. and close at 7 o'clock P. M.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte, this 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety eight, and in the one hundred and twenty second year of the Independence of the United States.

W. M. CRONISTER,
Sheriff of Centre County.

THE FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL DECLARES HIMSELF

Hon. Henry W. Palmer Exposes the Weakness of the Wanamaker Plea.

SPEAKS HIGHLY OF STONE.

Good Reasons Why the Republican Candidate Should Be Elected and His Opponents Defeated.

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—Before an audience which crowded the Academy of Music this evening former Attorney General Palmer said:

The governor of a great state like Pennsylvania ought to be a capable, truthful and honest man.

In the past Pennsylvania has been in the habit of selecting her governors from her ablest and most conservative citizens. In my recollection the place has been filled by many such: Johnson, Bigler, Pollock, Packer, Curtin, Geary, Hartranft, Hoyt, Pattison, Beaver and Hastings.

They were all honorable men; some of them able lawyers, some brave soldiers; all of them high minded, capable and honest. The custom of putting such men in the governor's chair ought not to be abandoned.

THE CANDIDATES.

Let us see how the men who now ask the people for their suffrage compare with those who have gone before.

First—Let us consider the qualifications and claims of the candidate of the Democratic party—the Hon. George A. Jenks, of Jefferson. I have known him long, and believe him to be both capable and honest. He is an able lawyer, a man of wide experience, and, left to his own devices, would give the state a good administration. The objection to him lies in the fact that he is the candidate of a party that advocates principles and policies hostile to the best interests of the people.

I am not sure that if the state were turned over to Mr. Jenks and the Democratic party, as now managed and controlled, that any improvement would be made in the management of the state offices, if anything is wrong.

The capacity of our friends, the enemy, to help themselves whenever they have an opportunity, has been demonstrated very often. I am not sure that if all he says of Quay and Quayism were true that a transfer of power to Guffey and Company would be an improvement. The Altoona convention, at which he was nominated, was the most thoroughly bossed convention that ever assembled.

The election of Mr. Jenks would, in the estimation of very conservative people, be a calamity of national significance, inasmuch as it would give the friends of free silver such encouragement to renew their warfare on sound money and protection to American industry, that it surely would be neccessary to fight the battle again in the next presidential election. The sanguine believe that they could be whipped again, but all agree that the cost of the fight in disturbed business relations and paralyzed industry would be enormous.

The conclusion as to him must be that while he fiills the bill in respect to character and ability that should be expected in a governor of a great state, that his election would cost a price that the people could not afford to pay.

One of the reinforcements that the Griffin combine has been able to secure is the Hon. John Wanamaker. Having been in the past affiliated with the Republican party, and having enjoyed its highest honors, is now employed in furnishing Chinese stink pots for the Democracy for use on the Republican hosts. He pretends to be waging a crusade in the interest of purity and reform. He is pretending to ask Republicans to purge the legislature for the purpose of defeating Senator Quay and electing John Wanamaker, but if he is advocating the election of any Republican congressman or any Republican state officer it has not appeared in his public speeches.

He was a candidate before the convention for the office of governor. When he failed to be nominated, by every rule of honorable politics he was bound to support the nominee of the convention. Instead of doing so he is waging a guerrilla warfare, using poisoned arrows and explosive bullets intended to destroy the Republican party and give this great Republican stronghold into the possession of the enemy.

The burden of his complaint is that Senator Quay controls the organization, and that the last legislature was corrupt, and that some of the state officers were rascals.

Mr. Wanamaker and those who acted with him are credited with having spent $200,000 to secure the election of members favorable to his election to the office of United States senator. In the machine methods which he denounces he proved himself a past master. If he had been successful do you think that his virtuous indignation would have prompted him to take the stump in this campaign to condemn the means by which he achieved success? If he comes your way ask him if he sent his agents into Wilkesbarre to assist the people of Luzerne to select their senators and representatives. Ask him how much money his agents spent to secure the nomination and election of men favorable to his interests. Ask him if he attempted to bribe the member-elect from Northampton county and gave a man named Tillare $500 for that purpose. Ask him to show up his check book and bank account and tell how much that excursion into politics cost him. Ask him how much of the $10,000 that was paid the district attorney of Schuylkill county to settle the Van Valkenberg case and pay the cost incurred for lawyers and delegates came out of his pocket. If he can clear up these matters to your satisfaction then listen to his talks about a corrupt legislature.

I abhor and condemn the corrupt use of money in politics. It will, if not stopped, wreck the republic. I also abhor the hypocrisy that uses the rascals' tools and then condemns the crime. He is entitled to as much respect as a burglar would be who, failing to jimmy open a bank, should preach a crusade against burglars.

But I suspect some of you are saying, if these charges made by Mr. Wanamaker are true, whether the informer is a saint or a sinner makes no difference. They should be remedied, I grant it, but the remedy lies not in the direction of imposing the calamity of a Democratic administration on the state, which he desires and is seeking to accomplish. The small Democratic contingent in the last legislature could always be relied upon to act under the leadership of the state chairman for any especially vicious legislation. What would they do if they controlled the general assembly?

If bad men have crept into office in the Republican party let them be retired. The Republican party will attend to that in due time without the aid of Dr. Swallow or the Democrats.

I am aware that in his Philadelphia speech he made the following declaration: "As I shall stand before the judgment seat to answer for all things, I declare before you all that I never did a deed, nor do I have knowledge of a dollar wrongfully spent by me or by my direction in that contest."

If Mr. Wanamaker will add to this statement one showing the amount of money that he actualy paid in his contest for United States senator and give the names of the agents who disbursed it, the public will be able to judge whether he ought at least to have known that money was improperly used and that his agents were guilty of bribery of the most flagrant kind. "Qui facit per alium facit per se," is an honored maxim of the—what one does by another he does himself.

An honest canvass for United States senator ought not to have cost $100. If Mr. Wanamaker and his friends spent, as it is generally believed, more than $200,000, it is idle and childish for him to shield himself under a declaration that the rascally business was actually transacted, not by his own hand, but by the hand of another. Let him show up his check book.

DR. SWALLOW.

The next candidate is the Rev. Dr. Swallow. He is said to have commenced life as a preacher, but in this high and holy calling he did not continue. His present occupation is keeping a book and stationery store and publishing a small paper in Harrisburg. He made application for appointment as chaplain of the senate, but being refused began a series of publications charging upon the governor and other high officers of the state serious wrongdoing.

These charges involved criminal acts, and if true were sufficient to send the whole board to prison. Being made by one who had been a minister and who, therefore, would be accredited with a disposition to speak truthfully and not slander a neighbor, they excited wide interest, and the trial was eagerly watched. Dr. Swallow was zealously defended by able counsel and was given every opportunity to give the grounds of his accusation and what induced him to make it.

Upon this subject the judge says in his opinion refusing a rule for a new trial: "To establish the defense that the publication had not been maliciously or malignantly made, defendant (Dr. Swallow) testified at length, giving a detail of all the facts claimed to be within his own knowledge, and all the information that he had received which led him to make the publication and nothing of the kind, however, remote, was excluded."

Dr. Swallow was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and the costs of prosecution. A new trial was refused on the ground, as stated by the judge, "that there was abundant evidence in the case to warrant a verdict."

His charge respecting the burning of the capitol, the building of the rose house, the lumber used in Grace church are as malicious and vicious as that on which he was convicted. We conclude most reluctantly that the Rev. Dr. Swallow is an untruthful man, and that the form and pertinacity of his untruthfulness proves him a bad, dishonest and dangerous man.

Suppose this man were made governor of the state. He would be the chief executive, the officer charged with the execution of the law and the preservation of the peace—the commander of the militia.

Would he turn out to be an Altgeld or Pennoyer or a bloody bridles Waite? Waite cost the state of Colorado millions with his foolish talk. Altgeld strewed the streets of Chicago with the embers of burning property and the bodies of dead rioters.

As a Prohibitionist Dr. Swallow stood for something that some people believe in; as a crazy quilt candidate, having but the single idea of building himself up on the wreck of other men's reputations, he stands for nothing. He is turning his back on all the precepts of his holy calling. He would seem to be a very unsafe, incompetent and unfit person to entrust with the office of chief executive of a great state.

COLONEL W. A. STONE.

The other candidate, received a majority of votes in the Republican convention, was duly nominated, and unless he is unfit for the office by reason of want of capacity or want of honesty, is entitled to the vote of every Republican. His record is an open book. It may be read and known of all men. He was the son of a Tioga county farmer, a private in the One Hundred and Eighty-seventh Pennsylvania volunteers, mustered out as second lieutenant, commissioned assistant and adjutant general with rank of lieutenant colonel by Governor Hartranft. He climbed up the ladder that has served many a man. He was a school teacher, studied law between times, fighting poverty and gaining a profession. Moved to Pittsburg, was appointed district attorney of the United States, was removed by Cleveland for "pernicious activity" in politics, which consisted in making some speeches for General Beaver in the gubernatorial campaign. Was sent to congress from his district in 1890. He has made a good record and a diligent and faithful congressman.

His capacity to fill the office with credit to himself and the state no one doubts. His honesty has not been questioned by any person. The sole complaint against him is that his nomination was favored by Senator Quay.

I hold no brief for any man or set of men. I believe in honest government and pure politics. I am here because I believe the welfare of this state and country is bound up in the success of the Republican party. It stands for honest money and for protection to American industry. It is the party of progress and liberty.

For thirty-eight years the country has been under Republican rule. A comparison between now and then may not be uninteresting.

In 1861, when the Republican party came into power, we had 30,000 miles of railroads; now 200,000 miles. Thirty-one millions of people; now 75,000,000. Sixteen billions of wealth; now 85 billions. Per capita in 1861, $514; in 1890, $1,036. State debt in 1860, $40,000,000; now $1,250,000. In 1860, a bankrupt government that could not borrow money at 10 per cent in any market of the world; now the government borrows $200,000,000 of the people in the face of a foreign war at 2 per cent. The loan was subscribed seven times over and commands 5 per cent premium. Evidently the country can stand a great deal of this kind of ruin.

CONFIDENCE.

Confidence is essential to success in business or war. The Wilson tariff bill was the culmination of a free trade agitation begun by Grover Cleveland in 1884. Its failure to provide revenue to support the government, the borrowing of enormous sums of money to meet the ordinary expenses, destroyed the confidence of the nation. The panic which paralyzed industry and sent 2,000,000 men into idleness and their families to face starvation was the logical result. Increased distress, low prices for farm products, an ever diminishing stock of gold in the treasury, gave the advocates of free coinage an opportunity they never enjoyed before, and never will again. The election of McKinley may be regarded as little short of providential.

The Dingley bill was speedily passed, the treasury of the nation began to fill up; the wheels of industry began to revolve; the smoke of countless chimneys of manufacturing plants curled to the sky; gold began to flow into the country, and the price of wheat and of all farm products advanced. Somehow the Republican triumph restored confidence to the American people, and hand in hand with confidence came prosperity.

This year has opened a new page in the world's history and blazed a new path for the tread of Anglo-Saxon freedom. El Caney and San Juan demonstrated anew the invincible pluck, the splendid courage of the American soldier. Manila and Santiago surpass Trafalgar, and write the names of American sailors, Sampson, Schley and Dewey and Hobson and Wainwright side by side with that of Nelson on the head roll of fame.

Shall we garner the fruits of the political victories of 1896 and the martial victories of 1898, and keep the flag flying where its gorgeous folds have been unfurled, or confess that American ability and character are not equal to the opportunity that the god of battle has thrust in our way? Shall we assist in the storm of detraction that has assailed the administration and the conduct of our war, and join in the pessimistic views of a Cleveland and Bryan, who doubt the capacity of the American people to justly and successfully meet the responsibilities that a war waged for the sake of humanity has cast upon them?

Let them be answered. The Republican party is able to take care of its own rascals, if there be any. We will not burn down the house to get rid of a troublesome brood of mice that nibble the state cheese, if such there be. Defeat now could not be explained. We will not adopt a remedy that would be worse than the disease. Would a house of hungry Democrats be an improvement over the house of 1896?

Let all Republicans who glory in the name and who believe in sound money, protection, prosperity and patriotism, rally to the colors. Let all sound money Democrats see to it that their labors and sacrifices shall not have been in vain.

Let us send greeting to William McKinley on the 8th of November, the glad tidings that Pennsylvania stands fast by her glorious record of Republican victories, and that she approves of his statesmanship, self sacrificing labors and splendid courage. This plain American citizen has borne upon his heart lo, these many days, the vast and unmeasured responsibility of a sudden war. No labor has been too severe for him to undertake, no sacrifice too great for him to undergo, that the nation might pass in safety through the dire ordeal of war. During the many weeks and months this patient man has grown in the hearts of this people and in the estimation of all the world. He has written his name with that of Washington, the father, and Lincoln, the savior of the country. With them it will be enshrined forever. Shall the state that gave him 300,000 majority seem to reward him with the dishonor of defeat for any reasons under the shining canopy of Heaven?

"This year national issues are paramount." This year the Republican party of Pennsylvania owes to the nation and to the Republicans of all the states a special duty to maintain its organization and roll up a majority that will discourage the enemies of sound currency and American industry.

—Hon. Wm. A. Stone, the republican candidate for governor shouldered a musket and went in the army and helped put down the democratic slave holder's rebellion, the leaders of which fought four years to destroy this government. George A. Jenks, though a much older man than Mr. Stone, remained at home and counseled with the Knights of the Golden Circle a democratice organization, how best to aid the rebels in their effort to destroy the Union. Ask William Whitmer how it was; he was there. Patriots should vote for the man who helped preserve the government and not the man that counseled its destruction.

To Dr. Swallow: Read Exodus 20: 16.

Go to the polls and vote the whole Republican ticket.

A BOOMERANG

The Political Conspirators' Latest Move in the Senatorial Campaign.

CAMPAIGN TRICK THAT FAILED.

How Editors of Representative Republican Papers of Pennsylvania Generally View the Attack on Senator Quay.

As yet there is no evidence that implicates Senator Quay in wrongdoing and the chances are that his enemies have overplayed their game, in which case a reaction is likely to set in that will make Senator Quay stronger than ever.—Reading Times.

As the case now stands it is a prosecution for political effect, and Senator Quay will lose none of his supporters and his enemies will gain nothing. Were the names of the prosecutors revealed it certainly could be shown that their action was inspired by political hate or personal spite.—Hazleton Sentinel.

As the case now stands the Quay forces will not be weakened to the extent of a single vote by reason of it. To be effective the case must be stripped of all mystery and the prosecutors must come to the front and convince the people that the case is not political in its character nor instigated for political ends.—Wilkesbarre Record.

It does not appear from the evidence that any loans were made to Quay which were not fully secured, and paid at maturity. The bank failed last March, but the whole amount due the state has been paid. The holding of the senator to bail is of no significance, since it is the Philadelphia custom to hold to bail all who are guilty of being suspected, and the magistrate was a willing instrument of the district attorney.—Honesdale Citizen.

The way to defeat that conspiracy is to vote for the legislative nominees known to be favorable to Quay. The courts will take cognizance of his case at the earliest possible period in November, and he will be triumphantly vindicated. But his trial cannot come off until later in November than election day. It was this knowledge that led his persecutors to select the time they did for bringing on the arrest and preliminary proceedings. — Pottsville Miners' Journal.

Those who oppose the re-election of Senator Quay has an undoubted right to do so. If they oppose him as Republicans, they should oppose him with another Republican candidate for the senate. They are not doing this. When they declare their opposition to Quay, to ask who their candidate is, is a perfectly fair question. If they have no opposing Republican candidate, they can have no way of defeating him except with a Democrat.—Honesdale Citizen.

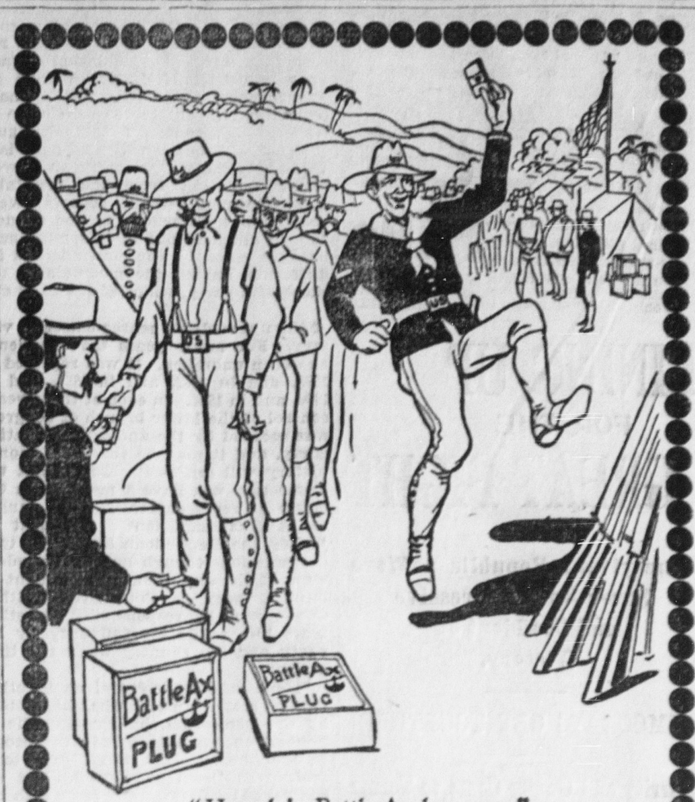
A Pennsylvanian of national prominence, who was a minister to a foreign country under President Cleveland, in speaking to a resident of Lower Merion regarding the charges against Quay, said that under the evidence produced at the hearing the magistrate had no more right to hold Quay for trial than he had to hold me." As the speaker is one of the foremost lawyers in the country, and presumably a Democrat, his opinion should be considered unprejudiced and of weight.—Conshohocken Recorder.

If, as it appears, the ultimate purpose of Quay's enemies is to get him out of the way, they have mistaken their man. The senior senator would probably have long since withdrawn from public life to the quietude and pleasure of his family and books had it not been for his natural dislike to retire under fire, and just so long as this wicked persecution continues will he doubtless feel it his duty to fight his calumniators, and the prospect is that, in the present contest, as in the past, he is going to whip them horse and foot, as they deserve.—Pittston Gazette.

With all the documents in their possession for months why is it that it was delayed until this time when the state campaign is nearing an end and not enough time remains to have the case fuly exploited in a court of law? To the mind of the reasonable, thinking man it has much the appearance of a campaign dodge, and it is altogether likely to have an effect exactly opposite to that which was intended. Not only will it have the effect of solidifying the friends of Senator Quay, but it is calculated to disgust even those who are not friendly to Mr. Quay, but do not believe in a system of persecution intended to defeat a political opponent.—Hollidaysburg Register.

So grave a prosecution should be entirely free from the sinister suspicion that it was begun for campain purposes. Legal proceedings instituted merely for the purpose of helping a man, a faction or a party to a political victory, are in reality a great detriment to the cause of justice, which is too sacred to be tampered with in the muddy pool of politics. The fact that this case was begun in the heat of a campaign rendered it all the more imperative that its instigators should come to the front at the beginning as an evidence of their good faith. Failing to do this, they stand in the same light as the anonymous letter writer who expects the public to accept his unauthenticated fulminations at their face value.—Scranton Truth.

Not only an influential portion of the press throughout the country, but what is of paramount importance, the individual expression of business men in every part of the state, as well as over a wide extent of the continent, is indignantly given in opposition to the methods employed by the senator's enemies. Bankers and prominent men of affairs in every city of the Union are daily heard making the statement that in their honest belief there was not only no criminal intent in the transactions now being exploited, but no possible excuse for the charges. It is not necessary for Mr. Quay's friends to make apologies for him. It is thoroughly understood in business circles and among just thinkers that it is not a case for apologetic remarks, but for earnest protest.—Scranton Tribune.



"Hurrah! Battle Ax has come."

Everybody who reads the newspapers knows what privation and suffering were caused in Cuba—by the failure of the supply of tobacco provided by the Government to reach the camps of the U. S. Soldiers.

BattleAx PLUG

When marching—fighting—tramping—wheeling instantly relieves that dry taste in the mouth.

Remember the name when you buy again.

Two Brothers Died of Typhoid Fever

The friends of D. M. Kerlin, of Rudd, Iowa, formerly a resident of Bellefonte, will feel the deepest sympathy for him in the sad fatality that has rubbed him of two promising sons.

Harry W. Kerlin, born in Bellefonte August 20th, 1874, died in the military camp at Jacksonville Fla., on the 9th inst. He was a member of Co G, 49th Iowa Vol. Inf., and just three month from the time he had left his home, a promising noble boy, he died.

George B. Kerlin, born in Bellefonte, on October 24th 1881, died at his home in Rudd, Iowa, on the 10th inst. He had been ill with typhoid fever but three weeks.

There is a sad coincidence in the death of the boys. They were both taken sick with typhoid fever within four days of one another and they died with only one day between them. Both were active members of the Methodist church and were buried at the same time, their funerals having been the largest ever seen in that place.

Life and the Liver.

"Success in life depends upon the liver" is the way Chas. Lamb, the poet and punster puts it. Medical science has proved that nine tenths of the ailments of living have their origin in the liver, and in constipation caused by its derangement. Keep the liver lively and all will be well. Modern science points out Cascarets as the only perfect, gentle, positive liver regulator fit to be used in the delicate human organism. All druggists sell Cascarets 10c. 25c 50c and we recommend them most heartily.

Death at Milesburg.

Patrick Martin, aged 73 years, and a brother of John Martin, former postmaster at Milesburg, died at his home at that place about 2:00 o'clock Wednesday, Oct. 19. He had been blind for a number of years and in poor health, his death being the result of a worn out constitution.

He is survived by two children, Mrs. Amelia Shawley and Howard, both of Milesburg. Mrs. Martin preceded him to the grave about two years ago. His remains were interred in St. John's Catholic cemetery, in this place, Saturday morning.

Also Climax Brandy of Grape.

The superior vintage of 1878 Brandy introduced by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., s highly spoken of by physicians

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 899-16t

A man isn't mighty because he never falls, but because of his ability to rise when he tumbles.

The Warograph a Success.

In spite of the inclemency of the weather a large audience gathered in Garman's opera house Friday evening to witness the Soldiers Farewell, Vaudeville and wonderful Warograph The entertainment proved very interesting throughout. The pictures of camp scenes at Chickamauga and Lexington were very good, and the explanations furnished by S. D. Gettig, Esq., were quite interesting.

The grand march by the young ladies from the opera "The Bride-Elect" scored a big hit. The clarinet playing of R. A. Beck, the dancing specialties of George Mack and Will Rine, the fancy drilling by Co B and the other specialties were all good and elicted hearty encores. All together it proved a most successful entertainment.

Try Grain-O Try Grain-O

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without in urv as well as the adult. All who try it like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers. 13 4t.

Fatal Fight Over Politics.

FORT WORTH, Tex., October 22.—Trouble between whites and blacks over politics has culiminated in a fight in which Hope Adams, independent candidate for sheriff and leader of the independent movement against the White Men's association was shot dead. Adams was fired on by unknown parties concealed in the county court house. The shooting was precipitated by a negro named Jenkins, who fired on the white men in the court house. The sheriff has wired Governor Culberson that he is unable to preserve order and wants troops sent to the scene at once.

No Heart too Bad to Be Cured.

Testimony could be piled high in commendation of the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. No case stands against this great remedy where it did not relieve the most acute heart sufferings inside of thirty minutes. It attacks the disease in an instant after being taken.—36

Sold by J N & S Krumrine.

—Rev Charles Garner formerly of this place has been transferred from Jersey Shore to Montrose, Susquehanna county.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

What makes a heap of trouble in the world is that so many people spend their income before they get it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

"I prescribe Castoria every day for children who are suffering from constipation, with better effect than I receive from any other combination of drugs."
Dr. L. O. MORGAN, South Amboy, N. J.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., New York City.

"We have three children and they 'Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.' When we give one a dose, the others cry for one too. I shall always take pleasure in recommending this best child's medicine."
Rev. W. A. COOPER, Newport, Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Won The Inquire's First Prize.

There are many Bellefonters who will be interested in knowing that the first prize of $150 in the Philadelphia *Inquirer's* prize picture contest has been won by *Miss* M. M. Hahn. The fortunate young woman is a daughter of "Uncle Jake" Hahn the traveling man so well known in this section, and is at present a music teacher in Philadelphia. Miss Hahn was born in *Milesburg*, this county, and is a sister of Mrs. John W. Cook.

The contest was the guessing of authors names from picture suggestions of them. There were forty pictures and eight thousand guessers Miss Hahn had every one of them correct.—Watchman.

WHY COUGH

Why cough and risk consumption, when the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you at once? It never fails to cure throat and lung troubles. For bronchitis, sore throat and hoarseness it is invaluable.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

—The Watchman says "All for Hall," which is not true. There are many democratic friends of the late *Governor* Curtin who have not forgotten the perfidy displayed by J. K. P. Hall towards Curtin when the latter ran for congress and this fall propose to pay Hall back by giving him a dose of his own medicine. None of the democrats that stuck the closest to the old governor in that campaign, and the Watchman was not one of them, will touch Hall this fall, consequently are not much enthused over his nomination.

Burglars at Potter's Mills.

Sometime during Wednesday night a bold burglary occurred at the little village of Potter's Mills, Centre county. The large mercantile store of Thompson & Smith was broken into. The robbers gained an entrance by breaking open the front door. They then drilled a hole in the safe door, filled it with powder and blew it to pieces. They secured between $50 and $60 in cash.

They also took an overcoat belonging to Wm. H. Noll which he had left laying on the lounge in the store office.

Boots and shoes and other merchandise was scattered all around the room and just how many goods were taken is hard to tell. The thieves made good their escape and there is no clue to them.

Vaporing Democratic Bosses.

Just now the democrat journals of this county are venimously abusing Messrs. Daley and Townsend, the republican nominees for the legislature. It is the popularity among the people of these two men that causes the democratic bosses to go into spasms for they know unless the tide for them is staid their election is certain. It is always the best fruit tree that is clubbed the most. The people are bound to elect these two men regardless of the vaporings of democratic bosses whose political word is no longer taken by intelligent democrats.

A Bear on the Tracks.

A few days ago when the Bald Eagle Valley passenger train was nearing *Martha* Station a large black bear crossed the tracks a short distance in front of the locomotive. Bruin made strides for the woods and was seen by the passengers making his way up the side of the mountain.

COULD SCARCELY RAISE HIS HAND.

Yet took care of seventy head of stock.

The farmer who found a friend.

Serious results often follow a strain, especially when it affects the back, and few people are so liable to strain as those who are lifting heavy loads of various kinds, from day to day. The teamster rarely ever overtaxes his strength. Familiarity with the class of wares he handles, enables him to entirely gage the load he lifts so as not to put an excessive burden on himself. But with the farmer it is different. He is lifting loads of such varying weights and under such varying conditions that he is very liable to lift a little too much some day, with injurious results. Many serious affections of the great organs of the body originate in a strain. It was so in the case of H. R. W. Bentley, of Towner, North Dakota. A strain resulted in serious trouble with the liver. How he recovered and was enabled to feed seventy head of stock during the winter, let him tell himself:

"About a year ago, I sustained an injury in my back and shoulders by lifting a heavy weight. After a time, a liver trouble came on, which so weakened me that I could scarcely lift my hand to my head. While in this condition, I began the use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills, and finding almost immediate benefit, continued until I was cured of my complaint, so that I was able to take care of seventy head of stock all through the winter, which shows that the cure was not temporary but permanent."
—H. R. W. BENTLEY, Towner, N. D.

The action of Dr. Ayer's Pills on the liver makes them invaluable for those living in malarial climates. C. F. Alston, Quitman, Texas, writes:

"I have found in Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills an invaluable remedy for constipation, biliousness, and kindred disorders, peculiar to miasmatic localities. Taken in small and frequent doses, these pills act well on the liver, aiding it in throwing off malarial poisons, and restoring its natural powers. I could not dispense with the use of Dr. Ayer's Pills."—C. F. ALSTON, Quitman, Tex.

Dr. Ayer's Pills are a specific for all diseases of the liver, stomach, and bowels, they promote digestion, cure constipation and its consequences, and promote the general health of the entire system. They should always be used with Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla when a cathartic is required. More about the pills in Dr. Ayer's Curebook. Sent free. Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CHICAGO'S BIG JUBILEE

The City Police Helpless During the Great Parade

MARINES SCATTERED BY THE CROWD

The Crush Was so Terrible that Men and Women Were Hauled Helpless to Stands.

SPEECH BY PRESIDENT McKINLEY

CHICAGO, October 20.—One brief gleam of sunshine, and only one, has been thrown upon the ceremonies of the Peace Jubilee. It was a fleeting, short-lived burst of third-class sunshine, but it fell upon the President's reviewing stand just as the head of the great parade was approaching.

Chicago has seen many parades greater than that of yesterday, but she has never seen one pleased its people better. Notwithstanding the most elaborate arrangements of the police department, the banishing of every street car and vehicle of every description from the down-town streets, there were times yesterday when the crowd was too great for the police to handle, and at many places the crush at times was dangerous.

The President in his carriage was surrounded by members of the Chicago Hussars, formed in a square and detachments of the Grand Army and of Confederate Veterans acted as an escort. He led the parade from the starting at the foot of Congress street and Michigan avenue to the Union League Club house, where, in company with other distinguished guests, he alighted and reviewed the parade. Throughout the entire march past the stand, which lasted a trifle over three hours the President remained standing. Mrs. McKinley arrived at the Union League Club somewhat in advance of the Presidential party, escorted by Captain McWilliams.

All those forming the Presidential party were greeted with cheers as they alighted at the door of the club house, the favorites with the crowd, after the President and Generals Miles and Shafter, being *Governor* Schofield and Captain *McCalla*. In the reviewing stand proper there were with the President *General* Miles, General Shafter, both in full uniform; Governor Tanner, Mayor Harrison and Chairman Truax, of the jubilee committee.

The advance of the parade after the Presidential escorts had wheeled out of the line of march was given to the veterans of the Grand Army. Behind the veterans of the former war came numerous civil societies.

After this came the Fourth Regular Infantry from Fort Sheridan and then such of the fighting men of Chicago as have returned from the war. As the military division, commanded by Brigadier *General* Fitzsimmons, of the Illinois National *Guard*, approached the reviewing stand the enthusiasm of the crowd knew no bounds. The First Illinois which gave more lives during the war than any Illinois body of enlisted men, set the people frantic. The Seventh closed the parade.

Directly after the 7th Infantry had passed the President left the reviewing stand, going into the club house. Three cheers were given him as he left, and three cheers were near to being the death signal for many people All day long the pressure of the crowd on the police lines at the two ends of the square in the centre of which the Union League Club house is situated had been enormous.

They opened their lines just as the crowd in front of the club house was cheering the President, and the crowd, thinking some new excitement was on, hastened from both ends of the square towards the centre.

Seeing the awful crush that must inevitably ensue, the police made desperate efforts to push the crowd back towards the ends of the square, but without avail. Detachment of soldiers and mariners were hurried to their assistance, but in a short time they, too, were powerless. Finally after desperate pushing, the mariners managed to clear a small space and, forming in line, they fixed bayonets and standing shoulder to shoulder, tried to hold back the crowd. The effort was fertile, and seeing that the bayonets must infallibly result in loss of life if kept on the level, the mariners snatched them off and then it was all over. Mariners, soldiers and policemen were fixed in the crowd, utterly helpless. Tighter and tighter the crowd became, and then came from women and men cries of disaster and calls for help.

A large stand had been erected on the north side of the square opposite the club house on vacant ground. All along the edge of this stand hands reached to the struggling crowd below and hundreds of men, women and children were dragged into the stand above. Cloaks, overcoats and skirts were torn to shreds, and in numerous instances torn completely from the body of the wearer as the rescuers above dragged them hastily over the railings. In many instances some of those who were being hauled from the jam would be half way to safety when those below would attach themselves with frantic clutch to the upgoing man or woman. After nearly half an hour of this sort of thing the crowd was thinned so that a long breath was possible and comparative quiet was restored. No lives were lost.

The crowd still lingered in front of the club house and called for the President. He was at luncheon, but the crowd would not be denied and the President stepped once more upon the reviewing stand, accompanied by President Revell, of the Union League Club. As soon as quiet was restored he said:

"The demonstration today is worth everything—everything to our country, for I read in the faces and hearts of my countrymen the purpose to see to it that this government, with its free institutions, shall never perish from the surface of the earth."

After the conclusion of the Presidents remarks there were loud calls for *General* Miles and General Shafter, but neither would make his appearance and the crowd after cheering the President as he left the club house from the home of Captain Mc Williams, slowly dispersed.

CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure them at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it always cures.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure Croup without fail.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

The Democratic circus now parading over the state is not cutting any ice—it is making ice.

—Oh! this is the fat and fruitful season of the year.

—The wise turkey is taking large doses of anti-fat.

Pill Fame.

10 cents a vial for Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills would not make them the fame they enjoy today if the curative powers were not in them. Worth will get to the top and that accounts for the wonderful demand for these little gems. They positively cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache.—39
Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine

—Wm. Bartley, of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension of $8 00 per month.

A quiet gentleman, who evidently possesses as much audacity as piety, recently inserted this advertisement in a German paper: "A man on the road to religious conviction seeks for money necessary to undertake a penitential and prayerful journey to the Holy Land."

Relief in a Day.

The red letter promise that never fails in cases of the severest and most chronic stomach troubles in using Dr Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets. Nature decreed the pineapple as one of humanity's great panaceas—medical science has searched it out and now it's at the door of every sufferer. A pleasant and positive cure.—40
Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. s29-16t

A man has to be a pretty speedy mover to get ahead of a run of hard luck.

M'KINLEY PRAISED SENATOR QUAY

General King Recalls an Interesting Expression From the President.

TOUCH NATIONAL ISSUES.

Pennsylvania's Election Important on Account of National Interests Involved.

General Adam E. King, of Maryland, a former consul general to Paris, before starting out on the stump for the Republican state ticket, says a special dispatch from Philadelphia, chatted entertainingly at the Hotel Walton of his experiences in the Harrison presidential campaign, when he was associated with Colonel M. S. Quay, who was then chairman of the Republican national committee and whom he has since held in high esteem. The general remarked that from what he had learned in his short visit here there was no doubt that the enemies of Senator Quay had overreached themselves in their latest contemptible tactics. From what he had learned in conversation with a number of representative citizens, not identified with politics, the proceedings against Senator Quay were accepted as part of the campaign. Any fair minded man in reading the testimony at the hearing could readily see that there were no grounds for charging the senior senator with any illegal act. Republicans throughout the country who are familiar with Colonel Quay's services for the party and his battles for the maintenance of its principles in party councils, in hard fought state and national campaigns and on the floor of the United States senate, condemn the assaults made upon him at this juncture, which are generally recognized as inspired by men who have been unsuccessful in satisfying their desire for public office.

"With the Democracy putting up a strong still hunt campaign," said General King, earnestly, "it behooves Republicans to be on guard and to pay no heed to the schemes of the disgruntled office seekers. The legislature which is to be elected this fall in Pennsylvania will be called upon to elect a member of the United States senate. It is of the utmost importance that Pennsylvania, with her great industrial interests, shall be represented by a stalwart, loyal Republican, a man of force and influence, just such men as Senator Quay has been. He is liked by his colleagues in the senate and they will do almost anything for him.

"As I was starting from home," continued General King, drawing an envelope from his coat pocket, "I took from my scrap book a clipping from the New York Tribune of Sept. 5, 1896, just in the midst of the last presidential campaign, which shows that Major William McKinley thinks of Senator Quay's ability and services to his party and his country. Let me read it to you."

MAJOR M'KINLEY'S COMMENT.

The general then read the following: "On Saturday, Sept. 5, a large delegation of Republicans from Beaver county, Pa., called on Major McKinley at Canton. In his speech acknowledging the compliment the major made the following reference to Senator Quay, who is a citizen of Beaver county. We quote from the report in the New York Tribune.

"My fellow citizens, I do not forget that this delegation comes from the home of that distinguished leader and unrivaled Republican organizer (great cheering and cries of 'Quay, Quay.') whose unfaltering devotion of Republicanism has never wavered, and whose splendid services to the cause have more than once assisted to achieve the most signal triumphs in both your state and the nation. (Great applause.) I remember well that when the Wilson tariff law went from the house to the senate and was under discussion Senator Quay stood resolutely for every interest in his state and prevented the destruction of great industries by his famous speech, which was the longest ever delivered upon the tariff question in the history of the republic, and which has not been concluded. (Great laughter and applause.) When he was fighting for the industries of your state on the floor of the senate if he could not save them in any other way he resumed his speech (laughter), which went on day after day (renewed laughter), without apparent diminution of the manuscript that lay before him. (Continued laughter and cries of 'Hurrah for Quay!') I wish he might have been a part of this great delegation today, but his absence is fully compensated for by the fact that in another part of this great field of contest he is serving the same cause in which you are engaged, and for the success of which so many of the people are striving. (Applause.)"

"That speech," continued General King, enthusiastically, "tells how much President McKinley thinks of Pennsylvania's senior senator. Colonel Quay was in 1896 a member of the Republican national committee, and he is a member of that committee now. More than this, he was then and still is a member of the executive committee. Not only Major McKinley, but Mark Hanna, well knew his value as a political adviser and organizer. The president will need the assistance of men like Senator Quay when he has to meet the issues that will come before the next congress."

General King, then commenting upon the Democratic claims in the next house, declared that if the disorganizing influences of the present anti-Republican campaign were encouraged Republican success in a number of congressional districts in this state would be imperiled.

Expressions of condemnation of the action of the politicians in the conspiracy against United States Senator Quay contine to come from the editors of representative Republican newspapers of Pennsylvania. They generally regard the move as a boomerang. Here are a few of the latest editorial comments on this subject:

ON THEIR METTLE

American Commissioners Are Standing Firm in Paris.

THEY DO NOT INVITE ATTACK

The Game of Diplomacy Has Reached an Acute Stage and All Conferences Postponed Until To-Morrow.

NOW SPAIN MUST MAKE A MOVE

PARIS, October 20.—The Spanish peace commission was unable to meet the United States peace commission at the joint session arranged for yesterday, and the next meeting of the two commissions has been fixed for Friday.

Judge Day, president of the American commission, received a communication yesterday from Senor Montero Rios, president of the Spanish commission, saying that advices expected, but not received from Madrid, made it necessary for himself and colleagues to request a postponement of any further conferences until Friday next. A courteous reply was returned by Secretary Moore in behalf of the American commissioners, granting an extension of time of the next meeting as requested.

While the deferring of any one conference for two days is not in itself an important request, delay by the Spaniards at this juncture is something more than significant. The game of diplomacy now progressing here has reached a stage which makes it necessary that the next move be made by the Spanish commissioners. They are confronted by the plain fact of their protocol agreement to relinquish and evacuate Cuba without 'ifs' or 'ands'. It has become clear here that the Spaniards cherished the hopes that they could unconditionally covenant to follow a given path and ultimately wander elsewhere and do less or more than named in the protocol compact. The American commissioners, however, have firmly adhered to the boundary lines already mutually established and within which they insist the Spaniards as well as themselves shall duly proceed.

It is not too much to say that Spain now has more light than ever before on the integrity and steadfastness in word and purpose of the United States. Nor is it wide of the fact to say that the Spaniards are now initially appreciating that the United States did not make war on Spain to acquire Cuba as a conquest prize. Of this the Spaniards may not yet be wholly convinced, but the firm refusal of Judge Day and his colleagues to assume the Cuban debt, because the United States will not take over the sovereignty has widened Spanish perceptions and has unquestionably hastened their convictions.

Wherefore it may in a sense be true that having for the first time a feeling that American pledges and American performances are co-equal terms, the Spaniards are practically on the threshold of properly lighted negotiations.

When Spain approached these negotiations she was confronted by a wall of fast agreement which she, however, regarded as possible to break or puncture at the point of Castillian diplomacy. Thus she posed and has launched against the protocol structure of seeming solidity, the keen lances of her finesse. They have fallen broken at her feet. The wall of American purpose and mutual compact has proved not only apparent, but real, and now Spain's commissioners give pause to their attack on the Cuban angle and ask time to assure themselves of their previous misjudgment and also to reform their lines or arrange new ones.

The assigned reason for yesterday's request for delay is believed to have been to allow an interchange of communications with Madrid and to formulate a final attitude on the Cuban matter. This attitude of the Spaniards to be developed Friday will be watched with no little interest. Their alternatives are few but pregnant. They accede to the American attitude, themselves assume the Cuban debt, and move forward to consider the next protocol point of Porto Rico and the choice by the United States of an island in the Ladrone group; or, they may at this juncture formally ask for arbitration, or as an extremity which is not likely, may retire from further negotiation.

—Dr. William Laurie, of this place, the retiring moderator, opened the Presbyterian Synod at Parkersburg, West Virginia Wednesday.

—The disputed question as to whether malarial and typhoid fever germs can both exist in the same person, has been settled by recent tests at the University of Pennsylvania, where it was found that soldiers returning from Cuba had germs of both fevers in their systems. This probably accounts for the severity of most of the fever cases among the troops.

—A storekeeper at Greensburg, Ky., has on exhibition what he claims to be the largest shoe ever made for a woman. It is the exact size of sixteen pairs that were made for a mother and five daughters, natives of Tennessee. It measures 13½ inches in height, 13 inches in length and 5 inches across the largest part of the sole.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—The words of praise bestowed upon Hood's Sarsapatilla by those who have taken it prove the merit of the medicine

—The recent rains have replenished the various streams and springs, which were nearly dry.

—Venus is still the glory of the evening twilight, becoming brighter and brighter until the 27th inst., when it attains its greatest brilliancy.

—Montgomery & Co, have on exhibition a large pumpkin weighing 117 lbs. It was raised by John McCloskey, of Nittany.

—Montgomery & Co have added to their already complete store a handsome triplicate looking glass It was manufactured by Hugh Lyons & Co., of Lansing, Mich.

—No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

—Vote for Daley and Townsend for the legislature and thus help to insure the election of a Republican senator from Pennsylvania who will stand by the administration of President McKinley.

—The Montrose "Republican" had this to say on the pending campaign: "The positions of the two great parties remain the same today as in '96. The Republican party stands for honest money, protection, prosperity and progress; the democratic party stands for free silver, free trade, revolution and ruin. Which will ye serve?"

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—Mrs. Amelia Stevenson, wife of Edward Stevenson, of this place, died at her home on Decatur street Monday evening of cancer. She was born in Penns Valley and was about 75 years old. The funeral will took place Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 from the house. Interment in Union cemetery. The funeral sermon will be preached next Sunday morning in the A. M. E. church.

—The house on East Linn street now occupied by Mrs. George Jackson, and owned by Col. W. Fred Reynolds is to be entirely remodeled The last end of the house is to be detached and moved further east on the lot and made into a cottage. The original house will then be improved, both inside and outside and will be occupied by Joseph L. Montgomery and family. It is expected that the work will be completed by the first of the year.

—"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

—On Monday afternoon a pile of corn husks out of a tick which had been emptied in one corner of the stable of Mr. Hogue on Bishop street caught fire from some unknown cause. It was at once discovered and a few buckets of water soon put it out. An alarm had been turned in and the Undine fire company reached the scene only to find the fire out. The Logans got as far as Emil Joseph's residence when they were ordered to turn back.

—Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

—Here is a treatment for typhoid fever which our informant says has, to his knowledge, never failed to cure: When the fever starts saturate a couple of sheets in as cold water as can be had, ice water if obtainable; strip and wrap the patient in these water-soaked sheets and as fast as the sheets become warm from the heat of the body apply another cold one until the fever breaks, which it will do after a few packings in these cold water cloths. All that is needed besides this treatment for the recovery of the patient is to administer remedies to overcome any costiveness in the case.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING.

Edward K. Rhoads Elected President to Succeed Wm. Shortlidge.

The Bellefonte Board of Trade held a meeting Monday evening in the Arbitration room at the Court House, in response to a call issued by the secretary, Clement Dale Esq. The object of the meeting was to elect a president to succeed the late William Shortlidge and also to discuss matters of importance to the welfare of the town.

Although the attendance was not large yet the meeting proved very interesting. Several propositions from manufacturing firms looking for locations were read and considered and the secretary, Mr. Dale, was instructed to communicate with them. Interesting talks along this line were given by F. W. Crider, E. K. Rhoads, Edwin F. Garman and James Harris.

The election of a president for the ensuing year was taken up and Edward K. Rhoads was unanimously chosen for that position. No better selection for that position could have been made. Mr. Rhoads is one of our most successful young business men. He is full of push and energy and he will undoubtedly put new life and energy into the board of trade.

Take it all together there is still a bright future for Bellefonte. The new road to connect with the Central railroad of Penna. is a sure go and we know of other important moves in the industrial world that will benefit Bellefonte but is unadvisable to mention them now.

A Campaign Lie Nailed.

For several weeks past M. I Gardner, the democratic candidate for prothonotary, has been traveling over the county trying to convince the voters that he was the only man fit to be elected to that office. Seeing that the chances of success were slim he has endeavored to counteract the popularity of his opponent Mr. A. C. Williams by circulating the story that he had no education and was entirely unfit to perform the duties of the office.

This story is false in every particular. Mr. Williams was educated at Spring Mills, Rebersburg and Lumber City, and is in every way as well fitted for the office as his opponent. Such baseless stories only prove a boomerang, and do the author more harm than the one they are intended to hurt.

In Cupid's Net.

The following list of marriage license have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger.

Jesse E. Kaler and Mabel F. Campbell both of Coburn, Pa.

Henry R. Somers, of Benner township and Annie G. Sunday, of Potter township.

Robert H. Holter, of Rochester, N. Y., and Bettie R. Stitzer, of Howard, Pa.

Edward F. Dorman and Ida M. Fisher both of Walker township

James E. Ardell, of Spangler, Cambria county, Pa., and Mary A. Bathgate, of South Philipsburg, Pa.

—The Academy Foot Ball management wish to announce that they had made a hard effort to get the Williamsport eleven here to-day but failed in the attempt. They wanted to please the business men if possible.

—In accordance with the Proclamation of the Governor of the State, a service of Thanksgiving for peace will be held in St John's Lutheran church this evening at 7:30 o'clock. It will consist of addresses singing and prayer All are cordially invited.

Thursday a Legal Holiday.

To-day being a legal holiday under the act of assembly of 1897, all the banks in the city will be closed all day. The act of assembly provides that all days fixed by proclamation of the governor as thanksgiving days and days for religious services shall be in all respects like Sunday. All commercial papers falling due on such days must be presented on the next following business day. Governor Hastings, having issued a proclamation for feasting and thanksgiving this Thursday, the day will be a legal holiday.

Centre Hall Items.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Kerstetter, of this place, attended the funeral of their nephew, Mr. Miller at Tylersville, Clinton Co., on Monday Oct. 17. Their homecoming the following Wednesday, proved a very wet trip for them.

Mr. Samuel Kerstetter visited the county seat on business on Monday, Oct. 17 and on his way home at Axe Mann, he was unfortunate enough to puncture the tire of his bicycle and had to foot it home.

The county seat must have lost its attractiveness for Mr. Fred Kurtz, Jr.

The late heavy rain storms have put a stop to corn husking in this vicinity, but it is just what was needed to make the wheat grow firmer so that it can stand the winter weather.

Mr. Samuel Hazel of Houserville, who drives George Keller's wool wagon was through here last Friday and had to lay over at Centre Hall, on account of the heavy rain storm. Sammy was a resident of Axe Mann, some six years ago and proved to be a good and useful neighbor.

Mr. S. A. Kerstetter on Tuesday, Oct. 18 made a trip to Tylersville over rough country roads a distance of 27 miles in three hours. How is that mit high?

Drovers shipped from the station at this place, within the last ten days to eastern markets, 20 head of milch cows and 212 head of sheep.

Mr. Miner, who is operating the evaporating plant at this place, is buying apples in any quantity from a bushel to a car load and paying good prices for good apples.

Centre Hall will soon have another plant viz. A Creamery, it is expected to prove a boon to the farmers of this vicinity.

Chestnuts are very plenty here, the season has lasted about three weeks.

Mr. Samuel Kerstetter went out on the morning of the 15th inst. and during the day he was lucky enough to shoot eight grey squirrels and on the 22nd, he shot two red and one grey. Sammy is a good marksman and anything in the game line that can be lawfully shot, comes into his possession. P. D. Q.

Public Sale.

There will be sold at public auction on the premises on Thomas street, at the residence of Mitchell Garbrick, Saturday, October 29th commencing at one o'clock p. m., the following described personal property to wit: No. 8 Appolo Range, small room stove, eight day o'clock, sink, carpet by the yard, corner cupboard, two bureaus, bed room suit, ten foot extension table, sewing machine, beds, bedding and other household goods to numerous to mention. The sale is absolute and liberal terms will be given.

HOWARD, PA, Oct. 20, 1898.

Ed. Republican Dear Sir—Please publish the following:

I have multiplied my aunt's age by 2 once then by 3 three times then by 6 once and omitted one figure in the last answer thus 20—64. What was my aunt's age? If any one thinks this cannot be worked let him mulitply his own age by the same rule and publish it in the Republican. Z. S. W.

A Change at Adams Express Office.

A change was made Saturday in the Adams Express office at this place. Harry Taylor, who has been driver at this place for the past year or two, has been appointed express messenger on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad between Tyrone and Lock Haven. Mr. M. S. Mathews, of Tyrone, takes Mr. Taylor's place as driver at the local office here.

—Company A of the Fifth regiment at Huntingdon last week decided by lot who should constitute the detail of fifty men from the Company to attend the peace jubilee. In the drawing only a small percentage of the old National Guard men drew the prize, while those known as recruits carried away the big ripe plums in good shape. In other words, Company A's "rookies" are strictly in it.

—The next invasion of Porto Rico will be by trolley.

BALSER WEBER DEAD.

One of Centre Counties Leading Business Men Passes Away.

On Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock the angel of death entered the Weber home at Howard and took hence the spirit of the highly honored and respected head of the Weber family, Balser Weber. This sad end was not wholly unexpected as the deceased had been suffering for sometime with stomach trouble. Everything that medical skill could do was done for him but to no purpose as he gradually grew weaker until death came to relieve his suffering.

Balser Weber was a native of Germany and was born in Bavaria, July 4th 1829.

He was aged 69 years, 3 months and 19 days old. He came to this country when he was 20 years old and located at Howard, Pa. For a while he traveled with a pack on his back working for Abraham Sussman, afterward he engaged in the mercantile business at Howard for himself and from coming to this country without a cent he grew to be one of the wealthiest and most influential men in this part of the state.

He was square and honest in all his dealings and his word was as good as his bond. In politics he was a staunch democrat and was elected to several local offices.

On September 30, 1852, Mr. Weber was united in marriage to Miss Anna Pletcher, and to them were born eight children, five of whom are living, namely; Abraham, of Howard; Mary, wife of C. M. Muffly, a real estate broker of Chicago, Ill.; Clara, wife of Thomas F. Thomas, of Howard, where he is engaged in farming and John P., and William both of Howard.

Mr. Weber purchased his store in 1857 from Robert J. Haynes and conducted it successfully up to 1889 when he retired in favor of his sons.

The deceased was reared in the Catholic church to which faith he always adhered. Socially he was a member of the I. O. O. F.

He made many warm friends during his residence in the county and had the respect and confidence of all who knew him.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Howard.

FIFTH BOY KILLED.

Private Paul of Co. L, Killed at Tyrone Tuesday Night by Eastern Express.

Private David Paul, of Company L, Clearfield, was instantly killed at Tyrone Tuesday night about 11:30 by eastern express, while he with his company was on the way to Philadelphia to assist in the Peace Jubilee celebration.

Private Paul, with his company, was passing from the Tyrone division to the special train on the main line, when the accident occurred. In a moment of carelessness he got on the east track and was run down by eastern express. The body was turned over to a Tyrone undertaker to be prepared for burial. The accident cast a gloom over the entire regiment.

Private David Paul's home was in Philipsburg and he was a son of liveryman Daniel A. Paul, of that city. He was 22 years of age and unmarried.

Bagged Five Bears.

Bears are plenty in the mountains this fall, and stories of big killings are the regular thing. James and Harry Schofield, two of the most intrepid hunters of the region, up to Wednesday of last week had succeeded in bagging five bruins. On the day after they brought two and on the following Wednesday two more fell before their rifles, making five inside of a week. They were all shot on Laurel run.—DuBois Courier.

Drying Preparations

simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. A trial size will be mailed for 10 cents, large for 50 cents. All druggists keep it. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings was an arrival in Bellefonte Thursday afternoon.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, transacted business in town Saturday.

H. P. Harris left Monday evening for Philadelphia to attend the Peace Jubilee.

Mr. Will Runkle, of this place, is attending the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia.

Hon. A. O. Furst and wife are taking in the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia this week.

Miss Lulu Smith, of this place, is the guest of her sister, Miss Myrtle Smith, of Tyrone.

Christ Smith, of this place, returned home Thursday from a two days' visit in Lock Haven.

Henry C. Quigley, Esq., spent Sunday with his father, Capt. James A. Quigley, at Blanchard.

Col. E. J. Pruner returned to his home in Tyrone Thursday, after a short business trip to this city.

John Furst and wife, of Williamsport, visited his parents, A. O. Furst and wife of this place, last week.

Miss Lydia Mullviahille, of this place departed Saturday for Philadelphia where she will spend the winter.

John Bradley, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Bradley, of this place.

Joseph Iddings, Esq, a leading Republican of Boggs township, was a pleasant caller at this office on Tuesday.

Mrs. John Noll and daughter, Roberta, returned Thursday afternoon from quite an extended trip to Pittsburg, Pa.

Eli F. Townsend, of Philipsburg, Republican candidate for the legislature, was circulating among Bellefonte people Wednesday.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds and party left Bellefonte Monday morning in the special Pullman car Roxana en route to the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Meyer, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Sheffer, of Curtin street, are spending the week in Philadelphia attending the Peace Jubilee.

Gordon Wyche, of Washington, who was superintendent of Ardell's big mill at Beaver Mill ten years ago, was in town last week, as genial and courteous as ever.

Passenger Conductor John Hall, of the Central Railroad of Pa., accompanied by his wife, is off on a ten days' vacation visiting relatives and friends at Corning, Waverly and Lyons, N. Y.

John Dubbs, Jr, of the Adams Express company, the newly appointed messenger between Tyrone and Clearfield, spent a few days this week visiting his parents in this place.

L C Runkle and wife, of Williamsport, tarried in Bellefonte Thursday and Friday with their cousin Mr Will Brachbill, while on an overland trip to Spring Mills, Lewisburg and Middleburg.

Hon William A Osburn, of DuBois, republican candidate for State Senator was a visitor to Bellefonte Thursday. He came to consult county chairman Wm. E. Gray on political matters.

Mrs. Lettie Thomas, widow of the late Jacob V. Thomas, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Mary Thomas, departed Saturday for Philadelphia, where they will spend the winter.

Mr and Mrs C H Huffman, of Ridley Park, Pa, were guests of Mr and Mrs J Will Conly, of this place the fore part of this week. Mr Huffman enjoyed a few days' hunting while his wife was visiting friends. They left for their home Wednesday.

Private Frank Wallace, of Company B, who fell off the train at Columbus, Ohio, and sustained serious injuries, while the company was en route home from Lexington, Ky, is so much improved that he was brought to his home in Milesburg Monday evening.

Private Corrigan, of Troop H, Sixth Cavalry, who has been spending the past few days with his parents at State College, left Tuesday for Philadelphia to rejoin his company. He participated in the battle of Santiago and was in the thickest of the charge on San Juan hill.

Mrs. Jennie Mitchell entertained at her pleasant home on South Spring street last Tuesday, Mrs. John B. Mitchell, wife of ex-Treasurer Mitchell, of Pine Grove Mills; Mrs Lizzie Gibson, widow of the late Rev. William Gibson, of Cincinnatti, and Mrs Mary Dolan, of Pleasant Gap.

C Dale Musser arrived home from Norfolk, Va, Saturday evening. He was an able seaman on the cruiser San Francisco, which has gone out of commission and is to be overhauled and refitted throughout. All the one year men, of which Musser was one, were honorably discharged, and the older men were transferred to the Atlantic squadron.

—Word has been received here from Philadelphia that the weather there has been very disagreeable; it has rained all the time. The industrial parade, which was to have been Wednesday, has been postponed till Friday. The military parade will be today if the weather will permit.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE P. OF H. Will hold its 32d annual session in the city of Concord, New Hampshire, commencing on Wednesday, November 16th, 1898. Hon. L. Rhone and wife will represent Pennsylvania.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Two Men Crushed to Death in Mines at Snow Shoe.

On Tuesday morning about nine o'clock a sad and shocking accident occurred in the Lehigh Valley coal companies mines at Snow Shoe. Two men Watson Quick and Wesley Fye were at work at what is called taking the splits out of the head of the mine, when suddenly there was a cave in and before the unfortunate men could make their escape they were buried under five tons of rock.

The accident was discovered at once and twenty men were put to work to exhume the bodies of the men, for it was apparent that no hope could be entertained of their being found alive. It was over an hour before the bodies were reached and they were found to be crushed into a shapeless mass.

Watson Quick was 23 years of age; was single and made his home with his parents. Wesley Fye was 33 years of age and is survived by a wife and three small children.

Death at Lamar.

The venerable Hugh White died at his home in Lamar, early Saturday morning. Mr. White was ill for a short time a few weeks ago, but recovered. Thursday he was in his usual health. He became ill during the night and shortly after expired.

Hugh White was the descendant of a family of revolutionary fame. He was born Sept. 12, 1810, in Pine Creek township. When very young his father removed to Bald Eagle Valley, where Hugh received his education in a subscription school of that period. After serving his father on the farm for several years, he, at the age of 24 started to learn the tanning trade near Newberry. Five years later he opened a grocery store in Lock Haven, and remained there until eight years later, when he removed to near Custard's tavern, Nittany valley, and conducted a store until 1863. He then went to Lamar and engaged in the mercantile business until 1880, when he retired.

Mr. White was a Republican and served the citizens of Lamar as postmaster for over thirty years. He was also county auditor for one term.

Mr. White, although 88 years old, retained the full possession of all his faculties. His eyesight never failed him, and he never wore glasses until he was 86 years old. He was held in high esteem by all who knew him. He was the last of a large and influential family. The funeral occured Monday afternoon. Services at the house at 1 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Hill.

A Poser for Mr. Wetzel.

The following communication was received at this office today:

EDITOR REPUBLICAN

DEAR SIR:—I have just read the reply of Mr. Wetzel in the Democrat to an inquiry made by Mr. Harter as to how he would vote on the question of United States Senator.

He says "I am willing to join in any honorable fusion or compromise with other party representatives to accomplish this result, *and neither the tariff, or the money question shall in any way hinder me in the purpose.*"

I am a silver Democrat and as such would like to know if this means that Mr. Wetzel intends helping to send to the United States Senate a man who will vote for the gold standard and a high tariff. If it does he will have to get to Harrisburgh without my vote.

Respectfully Yours.

A SPRING TOWNSHIP SILVER DEMOCRAT

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

It is the desire of Pomona Grange to send a copy of THE PATRON to every Patron's home in Centre county. The publication committee have secured lists from the secretaries of the subordinate Granges as far as possible of every "Patron Home" with postoffice address throughout the county. If errors have occurred in addressing the paper, or if any have been overlooked, they will confer a favor by giving the committee notice. A number of copies are also directed to persons not members of the Grange, with the request they will read it and become acquainted with the work of the Order.

No one need return the paper, as no charge will be made for it. It is published by the Grange for the dissemination of grange principles